

**RANI BIRLA GIRLS' COLLEGE**  
**38, SHAKESPEARE SARANI**  
**KOLKATA-700017**

*Criterion: 1*

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Index Number: 1.1

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SUBTITLE: LESSON PLAN

DEPARTMENT: HISTORY

**Year:** 2018-19

2019-20

2020-21

2021-22

2022-23

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2018 - 2019</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – I</b>			
<b>JULY'18 – DECEMBER'18</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC-1 History of India from the earliest times to C300 BCE</b>	Reconstructing Ancient Indian History – a) Early Indian notions of history b) Sources and tools of historical reconstruction. c) Historical interpretations (with special reference to gender, environment, technology and regions)	5	SG
	Hunter-gatherers and the advent of food products a) Palaeolithic cultures –sequence and distribution; stone industries and other technological developments b) Mesolithic cultures – regional and chronological distribution; new developments in technology and economy; rock art c) Neolithic and Chalcolithic cultures: distribution and subsistence pattern	15	JGW
	The Harappan civilization: origins; settlement patterns and town planning; agrarian base; craft productions and trade; social and political organization; religious beliefs and practices; art; the problem of urban decline and the late/post- Harappan traditions.	15	KD2
	Culture of transition : Settlement patterns, technological and economic developments; social stratification; political relations; religion and philosophy; the Aryan problem . a) North India (circa 1500 BCE – 300 BCE)	18	AS
	a) Central India and the Deccan (circa 1000 BCE – circa 300 BCE)	4	SM

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2018 - 2019</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – I</b>			
<b>JULY'18 – DECEMBER'18</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 2 Social Formations and Cultural Patterns of the ancient world other than India</b>	Evolution of human kind: Paleolithic and Mesolithic cultures - Role of kinship social Institutions in the development of early societies. Food production beginnings of agriculture and animal husbandry	12	JGW
	Bronze Age civilizations, with reference t any one of the following: (i) Egypt (Old Kingdom); (ii) china (Shang), economy, social stratification, state structure, religion.	10	SG
	Nomadic groups in Central and West Asia; Debate on the advent of iron and its Implications.	8	KD2
	Slave society in ancient Greece & Rome: agrarian economy, urbanization, trade.	15	JGW SG
	Polis in ancient Greece: Athens and Sparta; Greek culture	15	AS SM

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2018 - 2019</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – II</b>			
<b>JANUARY'19 – JUNE'19</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC-3 History of India (CE 750 – 1206)</b>	<b>I. Studying Early Medieval India</b> a)Expansion of agrarian economy : production relations b)Urban growth: north India, central India and the Deccan; craft Production: trade and trade routes; coinage c)Social stratification: class, Varna, Jati, untouchability; gender; marriage and property relations	8	KD2
	<b>II. Political Structures</b> a)The Mauryan Empire b)Post-Mauryan Politics with special reference to the Kushanas and the Satavahanas; Gana- Sanghas	20	JGW SM
	<b>III. Towards early medieval India (circa CE fourth century to CE 750):</b> a) Agrarian expansion: land grants, changing production relations; graded land rights and peasantry. b) The problem of urban decline: patterns of trade, currency, and urban settlements. c)Varna, proliferation of Jatis: changing norms of marriage and property d) The nature of polities: the Gupta empire and its contemporaries: post- Gupta polities- Pallavas, Chalukyas, and Vardhanas.	10	SS
	<b>IV. Religion, philosophy and society (circa 300 BCE – CE 750)</b> a) Consolidation of the Brahmanical tradition: dharma, Varnashram, Purushastras, Samskaras. b) Theistic cults (from circa second century BC): Mahayana; the Puranic tradition. c) The beginnings of Tantricism	10	AS
	<b>V. Cultural developments (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 750):</b> a)A brief survey of Sanskrit, Pali, Prakrit and Tamil literature. Scientific and technical treatises. b)Art and architecture and forms and patronage; Mauryan , Post-Mauryan, Gupta , Post-Gupta	12	SG

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2018 - 2019</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – II</b>			
<b>JANUARY'19 – JUNE'19</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 4 – Group – B &amp; C Social formations and cultural patterns of the Medieval World other than India (C300 – C750CE)</b>	<b>III. Crisis of the Roman Empire and its principal causes -</b> Historiography	10	SG
	<b>IV. Religion and culture in Medieval Europe-</b> Society, Religious organizations (Church and Monastery), Carolingian renaissance 12th century renaissance, Position of Women in Medieval Europe, Witchcraft and Magic, Urbanization, Rise of University, Medieval art and architecture	24	JGW KD2
	<b>V. The feudal society its origins and its crisis –</b> Historiography	12	AS
	<b>VI. Judaism and Christianity under Islam</b>	14	SM

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<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2019 - 2020</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – I</b>			
<b>JULY'19 – DECEMBER'19</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC-1 History of India from the earliest times to C300 BCE</b>	Reconstructing Ancient Indian History – a) Early Indian notions of history b) Sources and tools of historical reconstruction. c) Historical interpretations (with special reference to gender, environment, technology and regions)	5	AD
	Hunter-gatherers and the advent of food products a) Palaeolithic cultures –sequence and distribution; stone industries and other technological developments b) Mesolithic cultures – regional and chronological distribution; new developments in technology and economy; rock art c) Neolithic and Chalcolithic cultures: distribution and subsistence pattern	15	JGW
	The Harappan civilization: origins; settlement patterns and town planning; agrarian base; craft productions and trade; social and political organization; religious beliefs and practices; art; the problem of urban decline and the late/post- Harappan traditions.	15	KD
	Culture of transition : Settlement patterns, technological and economic developments; social stratification; political relations; religion and philosophy; the Aryan problem . a) North India (circa 1500 BCE – 300 BCE)	18	SS
	a) Central India and the Deccan (circa 1000 BCE – circa 300 BCE)	4	AD

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<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2019 - 2020</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – I</b>			
<b>JULY'19 – DECEMBER'19</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 2 Social Formations and Cultural Patterns of the ancient world other than India</b>	Evolution of human kind: Paleolithic and Mesolithic cultures - Role of kinship social Institutions in the development of early societies. Food production beginnings of agriculture and animal husbandry	12	AD
	Bronze Age civilizations, with reference t any one of the following: (i) Egypt (Old Kingdom); (ii) china (Shang), economy, social stratification, state structure, religion.	10	SS
	Nomadic groups in Central and West Asia; Debate on the advent of iron and its Implications.	8	SG
		15	JGW
	Slave society in ancient Greece & Rome: agrarian economy, urbanization, trade.		
Polis in ancient Greece: Athens and Sparta; Greek culture	15	KD KD2	

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2019-2020</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – III</b>			
<b>JULY'19 – DECEMBER'19</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC-5 History of India (CE 750 – 1206)</b>	<b>I)Studying Early Medieval India</b> Historical geography sources: texts, epigraphic and numismatic data. Debates on Indian Feudalism, rise of the Rajputs and the nature of the state.	8	SG
	<b>II)Political Structures</b> a) Evolution of political structures: Rashtrakutas, Palas, Pratiharas, Rajputs and Cholas. b) Legitimization of kingship; Brahmanas and temples; royal genealogies and rituals c) Arab conquest of Sindh : nature and impact of the new set-up; Ismaili Dawah d) Cause and consequences of early Turkish invasions : Mamud of Ghazna; Shahab-ud-Din of Ghur	20	KD
	<b>III)Agrarian structure and social change</b> a) Agricultural expansion; crops b) Landlords and peasants c) Proliferation of castes: status of untouchables d) Tribes as peasants and their place in the Varna order	10	SM
	<b>IV)Trade and Commerce</b> a) Inter-regional trade b) Maritime trade c) Forms of exchange d) Process of urbanization e) Merchant guilds of South India	10	JGW
	<b>V)Religious and Cultural developments</b> a) Bhakti, Tantrism, Puranic traditions; Buddhism and Jainism; Popular religious cults. b) Islamic intellectual traditions: Al-Biruni; Al-Hujwiri c) Regional languages and literature	12	SS



<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
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<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 6 Rise of the Modern West – I</b>	<b>I)Transition Debate on transition from Feudalism to capitalism:</b> problems and theories	6	SS
	<b>II)The exploration of the new world: motives</b> a) Portugese and Spanish voyages	6	SG
	<b>III)Renaissance : Its social roots</b> a) Renaissance humanism b) Rediscovery of classics c) Italian renaissance and its impact on art, culture, education and political thoughts d) Its spread in Europe	15	AD
	<b>IV)Reformation movements: origins &amp; courses</b> a) Marthin Luther & Lutheranism b) John Calvin & Calvinism c) Radical reformation: Anabapists and Huguenots d) English reformation and the role of the state e) counter reformation	15	KD2 AS
	<b>V)economic developments</b> a) shift of economic balance from the Mediterranean to the atlantic b) commercial revolution c) price revolution d) agricultural revolution and the enclosure movement	12	AD KD
	<b>VI)development of national monarchy</b> a)emergence of European state system	6	AD

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<b>SEMESTER – III</b>			
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<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 7 History of India (c1206 – 1526)</b>	<b>I. Interpreting the Delhi Sultanate</b> Survey of sources: Persian tarikh tradition; vernacular histories; epigraphy	4	KD2
	<b>II) Sultanate Political structures</b> a. Foundation, expansion and consolidation of the Sultanate of Delhi; the Khaljis and the Tughluqs; Mongol threat and Timur's invasion; Rise and fall of Syed dynasty; The Lodis; Conquest of Bahlul and Sikandar; Ibrahim Lodi and the battle of Panipat; b. Theories of Kingship; Ruling elites; Sufis, Ulama and the political authority; imperial monuments and coinage c. Emergence of provincial dynasties: Bahamanis, Vijayanagar, Gujarat, Malwa, Jaunpur and Bengal d. Consolidation of regional identities: regional art, architecture and literature	22	KD AS
	<b>III) Society and Economy</b> a. Iqta and the revenue-free grants b. Agriculture production; technology c. Changes in rural society; revenue systems d. Monetization; market regulations; growth of urban centres; trade and commerce; Indian Ocean trade	16	JGW
	<b>IV) Religion and Culture</b> a. Sufi silsilas: Chishtis and Suhrawardis; doctrines and practices; social roles. b. Bhakti movements and monotheistic traditions in South and North India; Women Bhaktas; Nathpanthis; Kabir, Nanak and the Sant tradition c. Sufi literature; Malfuzat; Premakhayans d. Architecture of the Delhi Sultanat	18	SG SM

**HISTORY HONOURS****ACADEMIC SESSION 2019-2020****SEMESTER – III****JULY'19 – DECEMBER'19**

<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>SEC – A – I Achieves and Museums</b>	<b>I)Definition and history of development</b> (with special reference to India)	6	KD
	<b>II)Types of archives and museums:</b> Understanding the traditions of preservation in India Collection policies, ethics and procedures Collection: field exploration, excavation, purchase, gift and bequests, loans and deposits, exchanges, treasure trove confiscation and others. Documentation: accessioning, indexing, cataloguing, digital documentation and deaccessioning Preservation: curatorial care, preventive conservation, chemical preservation and restoration	6	AD
	<b>III)Museum presentation and exhibition:</b>	6	AD
	<b>IV)Museums, archives and society:</b> (Education and communication Outreach activities)	6	KD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
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<b>SEMESTER – II</b>			
<b>JANUARY'20 – JUNE'20</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC-3 History of India (CE 750 – 1206)</b>	<b>I. Studying Early Medieval India</b> a)Expansion of agrarian economy : production relations b)Urban growth: north India, central India and the Deccan; craft Production: trade and trade routes; coinage c)Social stratification: class, Varna, Jati, untouchability; gender; marriage and property relations	8	KD2
	<b>II. Political Structures</b> a)The Mauryan Empire b)Post-Mauryan Poliities with special reference to the Kushanas and the Satavahanas; Gana- Sanghas	20	JGW SM
	<b>III. Towards early medieval India (circa CE fourth century to CE 750):</b> a) Agrarian expansion: land grants, changing production relations; graded land rights and peasantry. b) The problem of urban decline: patterns of trade, currency, and urban settlements. c)Varna, proliferation of Jatis: changing norms of marriage and property d) The nature of polities: the Gupta empire and its contemporaries: post- Gupta polities- Pallavas, Chalukyas, and Vardhanas.	10	SS
	<b>IV. Religion, philosophy and society (circa 300 BCE – CE 750)</b> a) Consolidation of the Brahmanical tradition : dharma, Varnashram, Purushastras, Samskaras. b) Theistic cults (from circa second century BC): Mahayana; the Puranic tradition. c) The beginnings of Tantricism	10	AS
	<b>V. Cultural developments (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 750):</b> a) A brief survey of Sanskrit, Pali, Prakrit and Tamil literature. Scientific and technical treatises. b)Art and architecture and forms and patronage; Mauryan , Post-Mauryan, Gupta , Post-Gupt	12	SG

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<b>JANUARY'20 – JUNE'20</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 4 – Group – B &amp; C Social formations and cultural patterns of the Medieval World other than India (C300 – C750CE)</b>	<b>III. Crisis of the Roman Empire and its principal causes</b> - Historiography	10	AD
	<b>IV. Religion and culture in Medieval Europe-</b> Society, Religious organizations (Church and Monastery), Carolingian renaissance 12th century renaissance, Position of Women in Medieval Europe, Witchcraft and Magic, Urbanization, Rise of University, Medieval art and architecture	24	AD KD2
	<b>V. The feudal society its origins and its crisis –</b> Historiography	12	AD
	<b>VI. Judaism and Christianity under Islam</b>	14	KD2



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<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
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<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 8 Rise of the Modern West – II</b>	I) a) Printing revolution b) Revolution in war techniques	10	SS
	II) a)Crisis in Europe in the 17 <sup>th</sup> century b) Its economic, social and political dimensions	10	SS
	III) a) The English revolution: major issues b) Political and intellectual issues	10	AD
	IV) a) Scientific Revolution b) Emergence of scientific academies c) Origins of Enlightenment	10	AD
	V) a) Mercantilism and European economics b) Preludes to the Industrial Revolution	10	SG
	VI) a) European politics in the 17 <sup>th</sup> & 18 <sup>th</sup> century b) Parliamentary monarchy; c) Patterns of absolutism in Europe	10	SG

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<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 9 History of India (c1526 – 1605)</b>	<b>I) Sources and Historiography</b> a) Persian literary culture; translations; Vernacular literary traditions. b) Modern Interpretations	4	KD2
	<b>II) Establishment of Mughal rule</b> a) India on the eve of Babur's Invasion b) Fire arms, military technology and warfare c) Humayun's struggle for empire d) Sher Shah and his administrative and revenue reform	12	JGW
	<b>III) Consolidation of Mughal rule under Akbar</b> a) Campaigns and conquests: tactics and technology b) Evolution of administrative institutions : Zabt, Masnab, Jagir, Madad-I-Maash c) Revolts and resistance	12	JGW
	<b>IV) Expansion and Integration</b> a) Incorporation of Rajputs and other indigenous groups in Mughal nobility. b) North-West frontier, Gujarat and the Deccan c) Conquest of Bengal	12	KD
	<b>V) Rural Society and Economy</b> a) Land rights and revenue system; Zamindars and Peasants; rural tensions b) Extension of agriculture; agricultural production; crop patterns c) Trade routes and patterns of internal commerce; overseas trade; rise of Surat	8	KD
	<b>VI) Political and religious ideals</b> a) Inclusive political ideas: theory and practice b) Religious tolerance and Sulh-i-kul; Sufi mystical and intellectual interventions c) Pressure from the Ulama	8	SM



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<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 10 History of India (c1605 – 1750s)</b>	<b>I) Sources: Persian and vernacular literary cultures, histories, memories and travelogues</b>	3	KD
	<b>II) Political culture under Jahangir and Shah Jahan</b> a) Extension of Mughal rule; changes in Mansab and Jagir systems; imperial culture b) Orthodoxy and syncretism – Naqshbandi Sufis, Miyan Mir, Dara Shukoh, Samrad	14	JGW
	<b>III) Mughal Empire under Aurangzeb</b> a) State and religion under Aurangzeb; issues in the war of succession; policies regarding religious groups and institutions b) Conquests and limits of expansion c) Beginning of the crisis: contemporary perceptions; agrarian and Jagir crises; revolts.	14	KD
	<b>IV) Visual culture: Paintings and Architecture</b>	6	SM
	<b>V) Patterns of Regional Politics</b> a) Rajput political culture and state formation b) Deccan kingdoms; emergence of the Marathas; Shiva; expansion under the Peshwas c) Mughal decline; emergence of successor states d) Interpreting eighteenth century India: recent debates	10	JGW
	<b>VI) Trade and Commerce</b> a) Crafts and technologies; Monetary system b) Markets, transportation, urban centres c) Indian Ocean trade network	8	KD2

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<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
<b>JANUARY'20 – JUNE'20</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>SEC – B – 2 Art Appreciation: an Introduction to Indian Art</b>	<b>I. Prehistoric and protohistoric art</b> Rock art; Harappan arts and crafts	4	KD2
	<b>II. Indian Art (c. 600 CE – 1200 CE)</b> a) World Heritage Site Managers, UNESCO World Heritage Manuals b) Notions of art and craft Canons of Indian paintings Major developments in stupa, cave, and temple art and architecture Early Indian sculpture: style and iconography Numismatic art c) Temple forms and their architectural features Early illustrated manuscripts and mural painting traditions Early medieval sculpture: style and iconography Indian bronzes or metal icons	6	KD
	<b>III. Indian art and architecture (c. 1200 CE – 1800 CE)</b> Sultanate and Mughal architecture Miniature painting traditions: Mughal, Rajasthani, Pahari Introduction to fort, palace and haveli architecture	6	AD
	<b>V. Modern and Contemporary Indian art and Architecture</b> The Colonial Period Art movements: Bengal School of Art, Progressive Artists Group, etc. Major artists and their artworks Popular art forms (folk art traditions)	8	KD

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<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020 - 2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – I</b>			
<b>JULY'20 – DECEMBER'20</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC-1 History of India from the earliest times to C300 BCE</b>	Reconstructing Ancient Indian History – a) Early Indian notions of history b) Sources and tools of historical reconstruction. c) Historical interpretations (with special reference to gender, environment, technology and regions)	5	SG
	Hunter-gatherers and the advent of food products a) Palaeolithic cultures –sequence and distribution; stone industries and other technological developments b) Mesolithic cultures – regional and chronological distribution; new developments in technology and economy; rock art c) Neolithic and Chalcolithic cultures: distribution and subsistence pattern	15	JGW
	The Harappan civilization: origins; settlement patterns and town planning; agrarian base; craft productions and trade; social and political organization; religious beliefs and practices; art; the problem of urban decline and the late/post- Harappan traditions.	15	KD2
	Culture of transition : Settlement patterns, technological and economic developments; social stratification; political relations; religion and philosophy; the Aryan problem . a) North India (circa 1500 BCE – 300 BCE)	18	AS
	b) Central India and the Deccan (circa 1000 BCE – circa 300 BCE)	4	SM

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<b>SEMESTER – I</b>			
<b>JULY'20 – DECEMBER'20</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 2 Social Formations and Cultural Patterns of the ancient world other than India</b>	Evolution of human kind: Paleolithic and Mesolithic cultures - Role of kinship social Institutions in the development of early societies. Food production beginnings of agriculture and animal husbandry	12	AD
	Bronze Age civilizations, with reference t any one of the following: (i) Egypt (Old Kingdom); (ii) china (Shang), economy, social stratification, state structure, religion.	10	KD2
	Nomadic groups in Central and West Asia; Debate on the advent of iron and its Implications.	8	AD
	Slave society in ancient Greece & Rome: agrarian economy, urbanization, trade.	15	AD KD2
	Polis in ancient Greece: Athens and Sparta; Greek culture	15	AS

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<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – III</b>			
<b>JULY'20 – DECEMBER'20</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC-5 History of India (CE 750 – 1206)</b>	<b>D)Studying Early Medieval India</b> Historical geography sources: texts, epigraphic and numismatic data. Debates on Indian Feudalism, rise of the Rajputs and the nature of the state.	8	SG
	<b>II)Political Structures</b> a) Evolution of political structures: Rashtrakutas, Palas, Pratiharas, Rajputs and Cholas. b) Legitimization of kingship; Brahmanas and temples; royal genealogies and rituals c) Arab conquest of Sindh : nature and impact of the new set-up; Ismaili Dawah d) Cause and consequences of early Turkish invasions : Mamud of Ghazna; Shahab-ud-Din of Ghur	20	KD
	<b>III)Agrarian structure and social change</b> a) Agricultural expansion; crops b) Landlords and peasants c) Proliferation of castes: status of untouchables d) Tribes as peasants and their place in the Varna order	10	SM
	<b>IV)Trade and Commerce</b> a) Inter-regional trade b) Maritime trade c) Forms of exchange d) Process of urbanization e) Merchant guilds of South India	10	JGW
	<b>V)Religious and Cultural developments</b> a) Bhakti, Tantrism, Puranic traditions; Buddhism and Jainism; Popular religious cults. b) Islamic intellectual traditions: Al-Biruni; Al-Hujwiri c) Regional languages and literature	12	SS

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<b>ACADEMIC SESSION</b>			
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<b>JULY'20 – DECEMBER'20</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 6 Rise of the Modern West – I</b>	<b>I)Transition Debate on transition from Feudalism to capitalism: problems and theories</b>	6	AD
	<b>II)The exploration of the new world: motives</b> c) Portugese and Spanish voyages	6	SG
	<b>III)Renaissance : Its social roots</b> a) Renaissance humanism b) Rediscovery of classics c) Italian renaissance and its impact on art, culture, education and political thoughts d) Its spread in Europe	15	AD
	<b>IV)Reformation movements: origins &amp; courses</b> a) Marthin Luther & Lutheranism b) John Calvin & Calvinism c) Radical reformation: Anabapists and Huguenots d) English reformation and the role of the state e) counter reformation	15	KD2 AD
	<b>V)economic developments</b> a) shift of economic balance from the Mediterranean to the atlantic b) commercial revolution c) price revolution d) agricultural revolution and the enclosure movement	12	JGW KD
	<b>VI)development of national monarchy</b> a)emergence of European state system	6	SS

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – III</b>			
<b>JULY'20– DECEMBER'20</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 7 History of India (c1206 – 1526)</b>	<b>1. Interpreting the Delhi Sultanate</b> Survey of sources: Persian tarikh tradition; vernacular histories; epigraphy	4	KD2
	<b>II) Sultanate Political structures</b> a. Foundation, expansion and consolidation of the Sultanate of Delhi; the Khaljis and the Tughluqs; Mongol threat and Timur's invasion; Rise and fall of Syed dynasty; The Lodis; Conquest of Bahlul and Sikandar; Ibrahim Lodi and the battle of Panipat; b. Theories of Kingship; Ruling elites; Sufis, Ulama and the political authority; imperial monuments and coinage c. Emergence of provincial dynasties: Bahamanis, Vijayanagar, Gujarat, Malwa, Jaunpur and Bengal d. Consolidation of regional identities: regional art, architecture and literature	22	KD AS
	<b>III) Society and Economy</b> a. Iqta and the revenue-free grants b. Agriculture production; technology c. Changes in rural society; revenue systems d. Monetization; market regulations; growth of urban centres; trade and commerce; Indian Ocean trade	16	JGW
	<b>IV) Religion and Culture</b> a. Sufi silsilas: Chishtis and Suhrawardis; doctrines and practices; social roles. b. Bhakti movements and monotheistic traditions in South and North India; Women Bhaktas; Nathpanthis; Kabir, Nanak and the Sant tradition c. Sufi literature; Malfuzat; Premakhayans d. Architecture of the Delhi Sultanat	18	SG SM

**HISTORY HONOURS****ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-2021****SEMESTER – III****JULY'20 – DECEMBER'20**

<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>SEC – A – I Achieves and Museums</b>	<b>I)Definition and history of development</b> (with special reference to India)	6	KD
	<b>II)Types of archives and museums:</b> Understanding the traditions of preservation in India Collection policies, ethics and procedures Collection: field exploration, excavation, purchase, gift and bequests, loans and deposits, exchanges, treasure trove confiscation and others. Documentation: accessioning, indexing, cataloguing, digital documentation and deaccessioning Preservation: curatorial care, preventive conservation, chemical preservation and restoration	6	AD
	<b>III)Museum presentation and exhibition:</b>	6	AD
	<b>IV)Museums, archives and society:</b> (Education and communication Outreach activities)	6	KD



<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – V</b>			
<b>JULY'20 – DECEMBER'20</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC – 11 History of Modern Europe (c1780 – 1939)</b>	<b>I. The French Revolution and its European repercussions</b> a) Crisis of ancien regime b) Intellectual currents c) Social classes and emerging gender relations. d) Phases of the French Revolution e) Art and Culture of French Revolution f) Napoleonic consolidation – reform and empire.	10	JGW
	<b>II. Restoration and Revolution – c1815 -1848</b> a) Forces of conservatism and restoration of old hierarchies. b) Social, Political and intellectual currents. c) Revolutionary and Radical movements, 1830 -1848	10	JGW
	<b>III. Capitalist Industrialization and Social and Economic Transformation (late 18<sup>th</sup> century to AD1914)</b> a) Process of capitalist development in industry and agriculture: case studies of Britain, France, the German States and Russia. b) Evolution and Differentiation of social classes : Bourgeoisie, proletariat, Land Owning classes and peasantry. c) Changing trends in demography and urban patterns d) Family, gender and process of industrialization.	10	AS
	<b>IV. Varieties of Nationalism and the Remarking of states in the 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> centuries</b> a) Intellectual currents, popular movements and the formation of National identities in Germany, Italy, Ireland and the Balkans. b) Specifications of economic development, political and administrative Reorganization – Italy; Germany. c) Revolutions of 1905; the Bolshevik Revolution of 1917 d) Programme of Socialist Construction and the Soviet Union during the inter-war period 1918- 39.	10	KD2
	<b>V. Imperialism, War and Crisis: c1880 -1918</b> a) Theories and mechanisms of imperialism; b) Growth of Militarism; c) Power blocks and alliances; d) Expansion of European empires e) War of 1914 - 1918	10	SM
	<b>VI. Europe between Two World Wars</b> a) Post War Europe: A Diplomatic History b) The Great Depression c) Rise of Fascism in Italy and Nazism in Germany d) The Spanish Civil War e) Policy of Appeasement and Russo German Non-Aggression Pact f) Origins and Course of the Second World War	10	AD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – V</b>			
<b>JULY'20 – DECEMBER'20</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC – 12 History of India (c1750s – 1857)</b>	<b>I. India in the mid-18<sup>th</sup> Century, Society, Economy, Polity</b> Society, Economy, Polity	10	JGW
	<b>II. Expansion and consolidation of Colonial power</b> a) Mercantilism, foreign trade and early forms of exactions from Bengal b) Dynamics of expansion, with special reference to Bengal, Mysore, Western India, Awadh, Punjab and Sindh.	10	SG
	<b>III. Colonial State and ideology</b> a) Arms of the colonial state : army, police, law b) Ideologies of the Raj and racial attitudes. c) Education : indigenous and modern	10	SS
	<b>IV. Rural Economy and Society</b> a) Land revenue systems and forest policy b) Commercialization and indebtedness c) Rural society: change and continuity. d) Famines e) Pastoral economy and shifting cultivation.	10	SM
	<b>V. Trade and Industry</b> a) De industrialization b) Trade and fiscal policy c) Drain of Wealth d) Growth of modern industry	10	SG
	<b>VI. Popular Resistance</b> a) Santhal uprising (1857); Indigo rebellion (1860); Pabna Agrarian Leagues(1873); Deccan riots (1875) b) Uprising of 1857	10	KD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – V</b>			
<b>JULY'20 – DECEMBER'20</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>Paper -1 – DSE-A-1 History of Bengal (c1757 - 1905)</b>	<b>I. Political history of Bengal under the Nawabs</b>	5	KD
	<b>II. Administrative history -1765 – 1833</b>	5	KD
	<b>III. Colonial economy – agriculture, trade and industry</b>	5	KD
	<b>IV. Cultural changes and social and Religious Reform movements</b>	5	KD
	<b>V. Christian missionaries</b>	5	AS
	<b>VI. Protest movements and insurgencies against the Raj</b>	5	AS
	<b>VII. Partition of Bengal 1905: Curzon and the administrative blueprint</b>	5	KD

**HISTORY HONOURS****ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-2021****SEMESTER – V****JULY'20 – DECEMBER'20**

<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>Paper -5– DSE-B-1 History of</b>	<p><b>I. Imperialism and China during the 19<sup>th</sup> and early 20<sup>th</sup> century</b></p> <p>a) Chinese feudalism : Gentry, Bureaucracy and peasantry; the Confucian value system; Sinocentrism; the canton commercial system</p> <p>b)The transformation of China into an informal colony; the Opium Wars; the Unequal Treaties; the scramble for concessions; Finance Imperialism; the Open Door policy.</p> <p>c)Agrarian and Popular Movements : Taiping and Yi Ho Tuan</p> <p>d)Attempts at Self-Strengthening (Tzu-Chiang): Reforms of 1860-95; 1898; and 1901-08.</p> <p><b>ii) The Emergence of Nationalism in China</b></p> <p>a)The Revolution of 1911: Causes , nature and significance; the social composition of the Revolution; Sun Yat-sen and his contribution; the formation of the Republic; Yuan Shih Kai; War Lordism.</p> <p>b)May Fourth Movement of 1919: Nature and Significance</p>	15	AD AS
<b>Modern East Asia –I China (c1840 -1949)</b>	<p><b>History of China (cc.1919-1949)</b></p> <p>i) Nationalism and Communism in China (1921 – 1937)</p> <p>a) Formation of CCP; and the</p> <p>b) The First United Front</p> <p>i)The Communist Movement (1938-1949)</p> <p>ii)The Jiangxi Period and the rise of Mao Tse Tung</p>	15	AD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020 – 2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – II</b>			
<b>JANUARY'21 – JUNE'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC-3 History of India (CE 750 – 1206)</b>	<b>I. Studying Early Medieval India</b> a)Expansion of agrarian economy : production relations b)Urban growth: north India, central India and the Deccan; craft Production: trade and trade routes; coinage c)Social stratification: class, Varna, Jati, untouchability; gender; marriage and property relations	8	KD2
	<b>II. Political Structures</b> a)The Mauryan Empire b)Post-Mauryan Politiies with special reference to the Kushanas and the Satavahanas; Gana- Sanghas	20	JGW SM
	<b>III. Towards early medieval India (circa CE fourth century to CE 750):</b> a) Agrarian expansion: land grants, changing production relations; graded land rights and peasantry. b)The problem of urban decline: patterns of trade, currency, and urban settlements. c)Varna, proliferation of Jatis: changing norms of marriage and property d) The nature of polities: the Gupta empire and its contemporaries: post- Gupta polities- Pallavas, Chalukyas, and Vardhanas.	10	SS
	<b>IV. Religion, philosophy and society (circa 300 BCE – CE 750)</b> a)Consolidation of the Brahmanical tradition : dharma, Varnashram, Purushastras, Samskaras. b)Theistic cults (from circa second century BC): Mahayana; the Puranic tradition. c) The beginnings of Tantricism	10	AS
	<b>V. Cultural developments (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 750):</b> a)A brief survey of Sanskrit, Pali, Prakrit and Tamil literature. Scientific and technical treatises. b)Art and architecture and forms and patronage; Mauryan , Post-Mauryan, Gupta , Post-Gupta	12	SG

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020 - 2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – II</b>			
<b>JANUARY'21 – JUNE'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 4 – Group – B &amp; C Social formations and cultural patterns of the Medieval World other than India (C300 – C750CE)</b>	<b>III. Crisis of the Roman Empire and its principal causes</b> - Historiography	10	AD
	<b>IV. Religion and culture in Medieval Europe-</b> Society, Religious organizations (Church and Monastery), Carolingian renaissance 12th century renaissance, Position of Women in Medieval Europe, Witchcraft and Magic, Urbanization, Rise of University, Medieval art and architecture	24	AD KD2
	<b>V. The feudal society its origins and its crisis –</b> Historiography	12	AD
	<b>VI. Judaism and Christianity under Islam</b>	14	KD2

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
<b>JANUARY'21 – JUNE'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 8 Rise of the Modern West – II</b>	I) a) Printing revolution b) Revolution in war techniques	10	SS
	II) a)Crisis in Europe in the 17 <sup>th</sup> century d) Its economic, social and political dimensions	10	SS
	III) a) The English revolution: major issues b) Political and intellectual issues	10	AD
	IV) a) Scientific Revolution b) Emergence of scientific academies c) Origins of Enlightenment	10	AD
	V) a) Mercantilism and European economics c) Preludes to the Industrial Revolution	10	SG
	VI) a) European politics in the 17 <sup>th</sup> & 18 <sup>th</sup> century d) Parliamentary monarchy; e) Patterns of absolutism in Europe	10	SG

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
<b>JANUARY'21 – JUNE'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 9 History of India (c1526 – 1605)</b>	<b>I) Sources and Historiography</b> a) Persian literary culture; translations; Vernacular literary traditions. b) Modern Interpretations	4	KD2
	<b>II) Establishment of Mughal rule</b> a) India on the eve of Babur's Invasion b) Fire arms, military technology and warfare c) Humayun's struggle for empire d) Sher Shah and his administrative and revenue reform	12	JGW
	<b>III) Consolidation of Mughal rule under Akbar</b> a) Campaigns and conquests: tactics and technology b) Evolution of administrative institutions : Zabt, Masnab, Jagir, Madad-I-Maash c) Revolts and resistance	12	JGW
	<b>IV) Expansion and Integration</b> a) Incorporation of Rajputs and other indigenous groups in Mughal nobility. b) North-West frontier, Gujarat and the Deccan c) Conquest of Bengal	12	KD
	<b>V) Rural Society and Economy</b> a) Land rights and revenue system; Zamindars and Peasants; rural tensions b) Extension of agriculture; agricultural production; crop patterns c) Trade routes and patterns of internal commerce; overseas trade; rise of Surat	8	KD
	<b>VI) Political and religious ideals</b> a) Inclusive political ideas: theory and practice b) Religious tolerance and Sulh-i-kul; Sufi mystical and intellectual interventions c) Pressure from the Ulama	8	SM



<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-21</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
<b>JANUARY'21 – JUNE'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 10 History of India (c1605 – 1750s)</b>	<b>I) Sources: Persian and vernacular literary cultures, histories, memories and travelogues</b>	3	KD
	<b>II) Political culture under Jahangir and Shah Jahan</b> a) Extension of Mughal rule; changes in Mansab and Jagir systems; imperial culture b) Orthodoxy and syncretism – Naqshbandi Sufis, Miyan Mir, Dara Shukoh, Samrad	14	JGW
	<b>III) Mughal Empire under Aurangzeb</b> a) State and religion under Aurangzeb; issues in the war of succession; policies regarding religious groups and institutions b) Conquests and limits of expansion c) Beginning of the crisis: contemporary perceptions; agrarian and Jagir crises; revolts.	14	KD
	<b>IV) Visual culture: Paintings and Architecture</b>	6	SM
	<b>V) Patterns of Regional Politics</b> a) Rajput political culture and state formation b) Deccan kingdoms; emergence of the Marathas; Shiva; expansion under the Peshwas c) Mughal decline; emergence of successor states d) Interpreting eighteenth century India: recent debates	10	JGW
	<b>VI) Trade and Commerce</b> a) Crafts and technologies; Monetary system b) Markets, transportation, urban centres c) Indian Ocean trade network	8	KD2

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
<b>JANUARY'21 – JUNE'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>SEC – B – 2 Art Appreciation: an Introduction to Indian Art</b>	<b>I. Prehistoric and protohistoric art</b> Rock art; Harappan arts and crafts	4	KD2
	<b>II. Indian Art (c. 600 CE – 1200 CE)</b> a) World Heritage Site Managers, UNESCO World Heritage Manuals b) Notions of art and craft Canons of Indian paintings Major developments in stupa, cave, and temple art and architecture Early Indian sculpture: style and iconography Numismatic art c) Temple forms and their architectural features Early illustrated manuscripts and mural painting traditions Early medieval sculpture: style and iconography Indian bronzes or metal icons	6	KD
	<b>III. Indian art and architecture (c. 1200 CE – 1800 CE)</b> Sultanate and Mughal architecture Miniature painting traditions: Mughal, Rajasthani, Pahari Introduction to fort, palace and haveli architecture	6	AD
	<b>VI. Modern and Contemporary Indian art and Architecture</b> The Colonial Period Art movements: Bengal School of Art, Progressive Artists Group, etc. Major artists and their artworks Popular art forms (folk art traditions)	8	KD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – VI</b>			
<b>JANUARY'21 – JUNE'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 13 History of India (C1857 – 1964)</b>	<b>I. Cultural changes and social and religious reform movements</b> a) Growth of a new intelligentsia – the Press and Public Opinion b) Reform and Revival : Brahmo Samaj, Prarthna Samaj, and Ramakrishna and Vivekananda, Arya Samaj, Wahabi, Deoband, Aligarh and Singh Sabha Movements. c) Debates around gender d) Making of religious and linguistic identities e) Caste : Sanskritising and anti Brahminical trends	10	JGW
	<b>II. Nationalism : Trends up to 1919</b> a) Formation of early political organizations b) Moderates and extremists c) Swadeshi movement d) Revolutionaries	10	SM
	<b>III. Gandhian nationalism after 1919</b> a) Mahatma Gandhi : his Perspectives and Methods b) i) Impact of the First World War ii) Rowlatt Satyagraha and Jalianwala Bagh iii) Non-Cooperative and Civil Disobedience iv) Provincial Autonomy, Quit India and INA c) Left wing movements d) Princely India : States people movements	10	AS
	<b>IV. Nationalism and social groups: Interfaces</b> a) Landlords, Professionals and Middle Classes b) Peasants c) Tribals d) Labours e) Dalits f) Women g) Business groups	5	JGW
	<b>V. Communalism : Ideologies and practices, RSS , Hindu Maha Sabha, Muslim League</b>	5	JGW
	<b>VI. Independence and Partition</b> a) Negotiations for independence and partition b) Popular movements c) Partition riots	10	AS
	<b>VII. Emergence of a New State</b> a) Making of the Constitution b) Integration of princely states c) Land reform and beginnings of planning d) The Nehru years.	10	SM

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – VI</b>			
<b>JANUARY'21 – JUNE'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 14 History of World Politics (1945 – 1994)</b>	<b>The cold war</b> Weakening of European balance of power: Origins of The Cold War: Yalta and Potsdam Conferences; End of wartime alliance	6	AD
	<b>The USA in World Politics</b> Truman Doctrine, Marshall Plan, NATO	6	KD2
	<b>The USSR in World Politics</b> Molotov Plan, COMECON and Cominform; Sovietisation of Eastern Europe; Berlin Blockade; Warsaw Pact	6	SS
	<b>Manifestation of Cold War</b> The Korean Crisis- End of French Colonial rule in Indo-China and the Vietnam War – Cuban Crisis	6	AD
	<b>De-Stalinisation; Thaw in cold war, Détente and road to the ending of Cold War</b> Thaw in Cold War; Détente and road to the ending of Cold War	6	KD2
	<b>Disintegration and Decline of the Soviet Union</b> ; Thaw in Cold War; Détente and road to the ending of Cold War	6	SS
	<b>Emergence of the people's Republic of China</b> – China and the USA – Sino-Soviet rift.	6	SS
	<b>West Asian Crisis</b> – Palestine and Western Powers – Birth of Israel – Arab-Israel Conflict – The Suez Crisis (1956); Origin and Formation of PLO; Yom Kippur War(1973) ; Camp David Accord(1979); Oslo Peace Accord(1993).	6	KD2
	<b>Decolonization</b> The African Case Study: Ghana, Algeria, Congo, Kenya	6	AD
	<b>Protest Politics</b> Civil Rights Movement, Anti-Apartheid Movement and the end of Apartheid (1994), Second Wave Feminist Movement	6	AD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – VI</b>			
<b>JANUARY'21 – JUNE'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>DSE – A – 3 History of Bengal (c1905 – 1947)</b>	Partition of Bengal and Swadeshi Movement	5	KD
	Communal Politics	5	KD
	Gandhian nationalism after 1919	5	KD
	Government of India Act 1935 and its aftermath	5	KD
	Peasant movements in Bengal 1920 - 1946	5	AS
	Subhash Chandra Bose and the Congress	5	AS
	Independence and Partition	5	KD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – VI</b>			
<b>JANUARY'21 – JUNE'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>DSE – B – 3 History of Modern East Asia – II Japan (c1868 – 1945)</b>	Transition from feudalism of capitalism	5	AD AS
	Japanese Imperialism	5	AD
	Democracy and Militarism/Fascism	5	AD
	Government of India Act 1935 and its aftermath	5	AD
	Peasant movements in Bengal 1920 - 1946	5	AS
	Subhash Chandra Bose and the Congress	5	AD
	Independence and Partition	5	AS

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021 - 2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – I</b>			
<b>JULY'21 – DECEMBER'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC-1 History of India from the earliest times to C300 BCE</b>	Reconstructing Ancient Indian History – a) Early Indian notions of history b) Sources and tools of historical reconstruction. c) Historical interpretations (with special reference to gender, environment, technology and regions)	5	SG
	Hunter-gatherers and the advent of food products a) Palaeolithic cultures –sequence and distribution; stone industries and othertechnological developments b) Mesolithic cultures – regional and chronological distribution; new developments in technology and economy; rock art c) Neolithic and Chalcolithic cultures: distribution and subsistence pattern	15	JGW
	The Harappan civilization: origins; settlement patterns and town planning; agrarian base; craft productions and trade; social and political organization; religious beliefs and practices; art; the problem of urban decline and the late/post- Harappan traditions.	15	KD2
	Culture of transition : Settlement patterns, technological and economic developments; social stratification; political relations; religion and philosophy; the Aryan problem . a) North India (circa 1500 BCE – 300 BCE)	18	AS
	b) Central India and the Deccan (circa 1000 BCE – circa 300 BCE)	4	SM

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021 - 2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – I</b>			
<b>JULY'21 – DECEMBER'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 2 Social Formations and Cultural Patterns of the ancient world other than India</b>	Evolution of human kind: Paleolithic and Mesolithic cultures - Role of kinship social Institutions in the development of early societies. Food production beginnings of agriculture and animal husbandry	12	AD
	Bronze Age civilizations, with reference t any one of the following: (i) Egypt (Old Kingdom); (ii) china (Shang), economy, social stratification, state structure, religion.	10	KD2
	Nomadic groups in Central and West Asia; Debate on the advent of iron and its Implications.	8	KD2
	Slave society in ancient Greece & Rome: agrarian economy, urbanization, trade.	15	AD KD2
	Polis in ancient Greece: Athens and Sparta; Greek culture	15	AD AS



<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – III</b>			
<b>JULY'21 – DECEMBER'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC-5 History of India (CE 750 – 1206)</b>	<b>I)Studying Early Medieval India</b> Historical geography sources: texts, epigraphic and numismatic data. Debates on Indian Feudalism, rise of the Rajputs and the nature of the state.	8	SG
	<b>II)Political Structures</b> a) Evolution of political structures: Rashtrakutas, Palas, Pratiharas, Rajputs and Cholas. b) Legitimization of kingship; Brahmanas and temples; royal genealogies and rituals c) Arab conquest of Sindh : nature and impact of the new set-up; Ismaili Dawah d) Cause and consequences of early Turkish invasions : Mamud of Ghazna; Shahab-ud-Din of Ghur	20	KD
	<b>III)Agrarian structure and social change</b> a) Agricultural expansion; crops b) Landlords and peasants c) Proliferation of castes: status of untouchables d) Tribes as peasants and their place in the Varna order	10	SM
	<b>IV)Trade and Commerce</b> a) Inter-regional trade b) Maritime trade c) Forms of exchange d) Process of urbanization e) Merchant guilds of South India	10	JGW
	<b>V)Religious and Cultural developments</b> a) Bhakti, Tantrism, Puranic traditions; Buddhism and Jainism; Popular religious cults. b) Islamic intellectual traditions: Al-Biruni; Al-Hujwiri c) Regional languages and literature	12	SS

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION</b>			
<b>2021 - 2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – III</b>			
<b>JULY'21 – DECEMBER'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 6 Rise of the Modern West – I</b>	<b>I)Transition Debate on transition from Feudalism to capitalism: problems and theories</b>	6	SS
	<b>II)The exploration of the new world: motives</b> a) Portugese and Spanish voyages	6	SG
	<b>III)Renaissance : Its social roots</b> a) Renaissance humanism b) Rediscovery of classics c) Italian renaissance and its impact on art, culture, education and political thoughts d) Its spread in Europe	15	AD
	<b>IV)Reformation movements: origins &amp; courses</b> a) Marthin Luther & Lutheranism b) John Calvin & Calvinism c) Radical reformation: Anabapists and Huguenots d) English reformation and the role of the state e) counter reformation	15	KD2 AS
	<b>V)economic developments</b> a) shift of economic balance from the Mediterranean to the atlantic b) commercial revolution c) price revolution d) agricultural revolution and the enclosure movement	12	AD KD
	<b>VI)development of national monarchy</b> a)emergence of European state system	6	AD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – III</b>			
<b>JULY'21– DECEMBER'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 7 History of India (c1206 – 1526)</b>	<b>I) Interpreting the Delhi Sultanate</b> Survey of sources: Persian tarikh tradition; vernacular histories; epigraphy	4	KD2
	<b>II)Sultanate Political structures</b> a. Foundation, expansion and consolidation of the Sultanate of Delhi; the Khaljis and the Tughluqs; Mongol threat and Timur's invasion; Rise and fall of Syed dynasty; The Lodis; Conquest of Bahlul and Sikandar; Ibrahim Lodi and the battle of Panipat; b. Theories of Kingship; Ruling elites; Sufis, Ulama and the political authority; imperial monuments and coinage c. Emergence of provincial dynasties: Bahamanis, Vijayanagar, Gujarat, Malwa, Jaunpur and Bengal d. Consolidation of regional identities: regional art, architecture and literature	22	KD AS
	<b>III)Society and Economy</b> a. Iqta and the revenue-free grants b. Agriculture production; technology c. Changes in rural society; revenue systems d. Monetization; market regulations; growth of urban centres; trade and commerce; Indian Ocean trade	16	JGW
	<b>IV)Religion and Culture</b> a. Sufi silsilas: Chishtis and Suhrawardis; doctrines and practices; social roles. b. Bhakti movements and monotheistic traditions in South and North India; Women Bhaktas; Nathpanthis; Kabir, Nanak and the Sant tradition c. Sufi literature; Malfuzat; Premakhayans d. Architecture of the Delhi Sultanat	18	SG SM

**HISTORY HONOURS****ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-2022****SEMESTER – III****JULY'21 – DECEMBER'21**

<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>SEC – A – I Achieves and Museums</b>	<b>I)Definition and history of development</b> (with special reference to India)	6	KD
	<b>II)Types of archives and museums:</b> Understanding the traditions of preservation in India Collection policies, ethics and procedures Collection: field exploration, excavation, purchase, gift and bequests, loans and deposits, exchanges, treasure trove confiscation and others. Documentation: accessioning, indexing, cataloguing, digital documentation and deaccessioning Preservation: curatorial care, preventive conservation, chemical preservation and restoration	6	AD
	<b>III)Museum presentation and exhibition:</b>	6	AD
	<b>IV)Museums, archives and society:</b> (Education and communication Outreach activities)	6	KD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – V</b>			
<b>JULY'21 – DECEMBER'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC – 11 History of Modern Europe (c1780 – 1939)</b>	<b>I. The French Revolution and its European repercussions</b> a) Crisis of ancien regime b) Intellectual currents c) Social classes and emerging gender relations. d) Phases of the French Revolution e) Art and Culture of French Revolution f) Napoleonic consolidation – reform and empire.	10	JGW
	<b>II. Restoration and Revolution – c1815 -1848</b> a) Forces of conservatism and restoration of old hierarchies. b) Social, Political and intellectual currents. c) Revolutionary and Radical movements, 1830 -1848	10	JGW
	<b>III. Capitalist Industrialization and Social and Economic Transformation (late 18<sup>th</sup> century to AD1914)</b> a) Process of capitalist development in industry and agriculture: case studies of Britain, France, the German States and Russia. b) Evolution and Differentiation of social classes : Bourgeoisie, proletariat, Land Owning classes and peasantry. c) Changing trends in demography and urban patterns d) Family, gender and process of industrialization.	10	AS
	<b>IV. Varieties of Nationalism and the Remarking of states in the 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> centuries</b> a) Intellectual currents, popular movements and the formation of National identities in Germany, Italy, Ireland and the Balkans. b) Specifications of economic development, political and administrative Reorganization – Italy; Germany. c) Revolutions of 1905; the Bolshevik Revolution of 1917 d) Programme of Socialist Construction and the Soviet Union during the inter-war period 1918- 39.	10	KD2
	<b>V. Imperialism, War and Crisis: c1880 -1918</b> a) Theories and mechanisms of imperialism; b) Growth of Militarism; c) Power blocks and alliances; d) Expansion of European empires e) War of 1914 - 1918	10	SM
	<b>VI. Europe between Two World Wars</b> a) Post War Europe: A Diplomatic History b) The Great Depression c) Rise of Fascism in Italy and Nazism in Germany d) The Spanish Civil War e) Policy of Appeasement and Russo German Non-Aggression Pact f) Origins and Course of the Second World War	10	AD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – V</b>			
<b>JULY'21 – DECEMBER'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC – 12 History of India (c1750s – 1857)</b>	<b>I. India in the mid-18<sup>th</sup> Century, Society, Economy, Polity</b> Society, Economy, Polity	10	JGW
	<b>II. Expansion and consolidation of Colonial power</b> a) Mercantilism, foreign trade and early forms of exactions from Bengal b) Dynamics of expansion, with special reference to Bengal, Mysore, Western India, Awadh, Punjab and Sindh.	10	SG
	<b>III. Colonial State and ideology</b> a) Arms of the colonial state : army, police, law b) Ideologies of the Raj and racial attitudes. c) Education : indigenous and modern	10	SS
	<b>IV. Rural Economy and Society</b> a) Land revenue systems and forest policy b) Commercialization and indebtedness c) Rural society : change and continuity. d) Famines e) Pastoral economy and shifting cultivation.	10	SM
	<b>V. Trade and Industry</b> a) De industrialization b) Trade and fiscal policy c) Drain of Wealth d) Growth of modern industry	10	SG
	<b>VI. Popular Resistance</b> a) Santhal uprising (1857); Indigo rebellion (1860); Pabna Agrarian Leagues(1873); Deccan riots (1875) b) Uprising of 1857	10	KD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – V</b>			
<b>JULY'21 – DECEMBER'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>Paper -1 – DSE-A-1 History of Bengal (c1757 - 1905)</b>	<b>I. Political history of Bengal under the Nawabs</b>	5	KD
	<b>II. Administrative history -1765 – 1833</b>	5	KD
	<b>III. Colonial economy – agriculture, trade and industry</b>	5	KD
	<b>IV. Cultural changes and social and Religious Reform movements</b>	5	KD
	<b>V. Christian missionaries</b>	5	AS
	<b>VI. Protest movements and insurgencies against the Raj</b>	5	AS
	<b>VII. Partition of Bengal 1905: Curzon and the administrative blueprint</b>	5	KD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – V</b>			
<b>JULY'21 – DECEMBER'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>Paper -5– DSE-B-1 History of  Modern East Asia –I China  (c1840 -1949)</b>	<p><b>I. Imperialism and China during the 19<sup>th</sup> and early 20<sup>th</sup> century</b></p> <p>a) Chinese feudalism : Gentry, Bureaucracy and peasantry; the Confucian value system; Sinocentrism; the canton commercial system</p> <p>b)The transformation of China into an informal colony; the Opium Wars; the Unequal Treaties; the scramble for concessions; Finance Imperialism; the Open Door policy.</p> <p>c)Agrarian and Popular Movements : Taiping and Yi Ho Tuan</p> <p>d)Attempts at Self-Strengthening (Tzu-Chiang): Reforms of 1860-95; 1898; and 1901-08.</p> <p><b>ii) The Emergence of Nationalism in China</b></p> <p>a)The Revolution of 1911: Causes , nature and significance; the social composition of the Revolution; Sun Yat-sen and his contribution; the formation of the Republic; Yuan Shih Kai; War Lordism.</p> <p>b)May Fourth Movement of 1919: Nature and Significance</p>	15	AD AS
	<p><b>II. History of China (cc.1919-1949)</b></p> <p>i) Nationalism and Communism in China (1921 – 1937)</p> <p>a) Formation of CCP; and the</p> <p>b) The First United Front</p> <p>i)The Communist Movement (1938-1949)</p> <p>ii)The Jiangxi Period and the rise of Mao Tse Tung</p>	15	AD



<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021 – 2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – II</b>			
<b>JANUARY'22 – JUNE'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC-3 History of India (CE 750 – 1206)</b>	<b>I. Studying Early Medieval India</b> a)Expansion of agrarian economy : production relations b)Urban growth: north India, central India and the Deccan; craft Production: trade and trade routes; coinage c)Social stratification: class, Varna, Jati, untouchability; gender; marriage and property relations	8	KD2
	<b>II. Political Structures</b> a)The Mauryan Empire b)Post-Mauryan Politiities with special reference to the Kushanas and the Satavahanas; Gana- Sanghas	20	JGW SM
	<b>III. Towards early medieval India (circa CE fourth century to CE 750):</b> a) Agrarian expansion: land grants, changing production relations; graded land rights and peasantry. b)The problem of urban decline: patterns of trade, currency, and urban settlements. c)Varna, proliferation of Jatis: changing norms of marriage and property d) The nature of polities: the Gupta empire and its contemporaries: post- Gupta polities- Pallavas, Chalukyas, and Vardhanas.	10	SS
	<b>IV. Religion, philosophy and society (circa 300 BCE – CE 750)</b> a)Consolidation of the Brahmanical tradition : dharma, Varnashram, Purushastras, Samskaras. b)Theistic cults (from circa second century BC): Mahayana; the Puranic tradition. c) The beginnings of Tantricism	10	AS
	<b>V. Cultural developments (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 750):</b> a)A brief survey of Sanskrit, Pali, Prakrit and Tamil literature. Scientific and technical treatises. b)Art and architecture and forms and patronage; Mauryan , Post-Mauryan, Gupta , Post-Gupta	12	SG

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021 - 2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – II</b>			
<b>JANUARY'22 – JUNE'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 4 – Group – B &amp; C Social formations and cultural patterns of the Medieval World other than India (C300 – C750CE)</b>	<b>III. Crisis of the Roman Empire and its principal causes</b> - Historiography	10	AD
	<b>IV. Religion and culture in Medieval Europe-</b> Society, Religious organizations (Church and Monastery), Carolingian renaissance 12th century renaissance, Position of Women in Medieval Europe, Witchcraft and Magic, Urbanization, Rise of University, Medieval art and architecture	24	AD KD2
	<b>V. The feudal society its origins and its crisis –</b> Historiography	12	AD
	<b>VI. Judaism and Christianity under Islam</b>	14	KD2

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
<b>JANUARY'22 – JUNE'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 8 Rise of the Modern West – II</b>	A) a) Printing revolution b) Revolution in war techniques	10	SS
	B) a)Crisis in Europe in the 17 <sup>th</sup> century b) Its economic, social and political dimensions	10	SS
	C) a) The English revolution: major issues b) Political and intellectual issues	10	AD
	D) a) Scientific Revolution b) Emergence of scientific academies c) Origins of Enlightenment	10	AD
	E) a) Mercantilism and European economics d) Preludes to the Industrial Revolution	10	SG
	F) a) European politics in the 17 <sup>th</sup> & 18 <sup>th</sup> century f) Parliamentary monarchy; g) Patterns of absolutism in Europe	10	SG

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<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
<b>JANUARY'22 – JUNE'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 9 History of India (c1526 – 1605)</b>	<b>I) Sources and Historiography</b> a) Persian literary culture; translations; Vernacular literary traditions. b) Modern Interpretations	4	KD2
	<b>II) Establishment of Mughal rule</b> a) India on the eve of Babur's Invasion b) Fire arms, military technology and warfare c) Humayun's struggle for empire d) Sher Shah and his administrative and revenue reform	12	JGW
	<b>III) Consolidation of Mughal rule under Akbar</b> a) Campaigns and conquests: tactics and technology b) Evolution of administrative institutions : Zabt, Masnab, Jagir, Madad-I-Maash c) Revolts and resistance	12	JGW
	<b>IV) Expansion and Integration</b> a) Incorporation of Rajputs and other indigenous groups in Mughal nobility. b) North-West frontier, Gujarat and the Deccan c) Conquest of Bengal	12	KD
	<b>V) Rural Society and Economy</b> a) Land rights and revenue system; Zamindars and Peasants; rural tensions b) Extension of agriculture; agricultural production; crop patterns c) Trade routes and patterns of internal commerce; overseas trade; rise of Surat	8	KD
	<b>VI) Political and religious ideals</b> a) Inclusive political ideas: theory and practice b) Religious tolerance and Sulh-i-kul; Sufi mystical and intellectual interventions c) Pressure from the Ulama	8	SM

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-22</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
<b>JANUARY'22 – JUNE'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 10 History of India (c1605 – 1750s)</b>	<b>I) Sources: Persian and vernacular literary cultures, histories, memories and travelogues</b>	3	KD
	<b>II) Political culture under Jahangir and Shah Jahan</b> a) Extension of Mughal rule; changes in Mansab and Jagir systems; imperial culture b) Orthodoxy and syncretism – Naqshbandi Sufis, Miyan Mir, Dara Shukoh, Samrad	14	JGW
	<b>III) Mughal Empire under Aurangzeb</b> a) State and religion under Aurangzeb; issues in the war of succession; policies regarding religious groups and institutions b) Conquests and limits of expansion c) Beginning of the crisis: contemporary perceptions; agrarian and Jagir crises; revolts.	14	KD
	<b>IV) Visual culture: Paintings and Architecture</b>	6	SM
	<b>V) Patterns of Regional Politics</b> a) Rajput political culture and state formation b) Deccan kingdoms; emergence of the Marathas; Shiva; expansion under the Peshwas c) Mughal decline; emergence of successor states d) Interpreting eighteenth century India: recent debates	10	JGW
	<b>VI) Trade and Commerce</b> a) Crafts and technologies; Monetary system b) Markets, transportation, urban centres c) Indian Ocean trade network	8	KD2

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
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<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
<b>JANUARY'22 – JUNE'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>SEC – B – 2 Art Appreciation: an Introduction to Indian Art</b>	<b>I. Prehistoric and protohistoric art</b> Rock art; Harappan arts and crafts	4	KD2
	<b>II. Indian Art (c. 600 CE – 1200 CE)</b> a) World Heritage Site Managers, UNESCO World Heritage Manuals b) Notions of art and craft Canons of Indian paintings Major developments in stupa, cave, and temple art and architecture Early Indian sculpture: style and iconography Numismatic art c) Temple forms and their architectural features Early illustrated manuscripts and mural painting traditions Early medieval sculpture: style and iconography Indian bronzes or metal icons	6	KD
	<b>III. Indian art and architecture (c. 1200 CE – 1800 CE)</b> Sultanate and Mughal architecture Miniature painting traditions: Mughal, Rajasthani, Pahari Introduction to fort, palace and haveli architecture	6	AD
	<b>VII. Modern and Contemporary Indian art and Architecture</b> The Colonial Period Art movements: Bengal School of Art, Progressive Artists Group, etc. Major artists and their artworks Popular art forms (folk art traditions)	8	KD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – VI</b>			
<b>JANUARY'22 – JUNE'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 13 History of India (C1857 – 1964)</b>	<b>I. Cultural changes and social and religious reform movements</b> a) Growth of a new intelligentsia – the Press and Public Opinion b) Reform and Revival : Brahma Samaj, Prarthna Samaj, and Ramakrishna and Vivekananda, Arya Samaj, Wahabi, Deoband, Aligarh and Singh Sabha Movements. c) Debates around gender d) Making of religious and linguistic identities e) Caste : Sanskritising and anti Brahminical trends	10	JGW
	<b>II. Nationalism : Trends up to 1919</b> a) Formation of early political organizations b) Moderates and extremists c) Swadeshi movement d) Revolutionaries	10	SM
	<b>III. Gandhian nationalism after 1919</b> a) Mahatma Gandhi : his Perspectives and Methods b) i) Impact of the First World War ii) Rowlatt Satyagraha and Jalianwala Bagh iii) Non-Cooperative and Civil Disobedience iv) Provincial Autonomy, Quit India and INA c) Left wing movements d) Princely India : States people movements	10	AS
	<b>IV. Nationalism and social groups: Interfaces</b> a) Landlords, Professionals and Middle Classes b) Peasants c) Tribals d) Labours e) Dalits f) Women g) Business groups	5	JGW
	<b>I. Communalism : Ideologies and practices, RSS , Hindu Maha Sabha, Muslim League</b>	5	JGW
	<b>VI. Independence and Partition</b> a) Negotiations for independence and partition b) Popular movements c) Partition riots	10	AS
	<b>VII. Emergence of a New State</b> a) Making of the Constitution b) Integration of princely states c) Land reform and beginnings of planning d) The Nehru years.	10	SM

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – VI</b>			
<b>JANUARY'22 – JUNE'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 14 History of World Politics (1945 – 1994)</b>	<b>The cold war</b> Weakening of European balance of power: Origins of The Cold War: Yalta and Potsdam Conferences; End of wartime alliance	6	AD
	<b>The USA in World Politics</b> Truman Doctrine, Marshall Plan, NATO	6	KD2
	<b>The USSR in World Politics</b> Molotov Plan, COMECON and Cominform; Sovietisation of Eastern Europe; Berlin Blockade; Warsaw Pact	6	SS
	<b>Manifestation of Cold War</b> The Korean Crisis- End of French Colonial rule in Indo-China and the Vietnam War – Cuban Crisis	6	AD
	<b>De-Stalinisation; Thaw in cold war, Détente and road to the ending of Cold War</b> Thaw in Cold War; Détente and road to the ending of Cold War	6	KD2
	<b>Disintegration and Decline of the Soviet Union</b> ; Thaw in Cold War; Détente and road to the ending of Cold War	6	SS
	<b>Emergence of the people's Republic of China</b> – China and the USA – Sino-Soviet rift.	6	SS
	<b>West Asian Crisis</b> – Palestine and Western Powers – Birth of Israel – Arab-Israel Conflict – The Suez Crisis (1956); Origin and Formation of PLO; Yom Kippur War (1973) ; Camp David Accord(1979); Oslo Peace Accord(1993).	6	KD2
	<b>Decolonization</b> The African Case Study: Ghana, Algeria, Congo, Kenya	6	AD
	<b>Protest Politics</b> Civil Rights Movement, Anti-Apartheid Movement and the end of Apartheid (1994), Second Wave Feminist Movement	6	AD



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<b>SEMESTER – VI</b>			
<b>JANUARY'22 – JUNE'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>DSE – A – 3 History of Bengal (c1905 – 1947)</b>	Partition of Bengal and Swadeshi Movement	5	KD
	Communal Politics	5	KD
	Gandhian nationalism after 1919	5	KD
	Government of India Act 1935 and its aftermath	5	KD
	Peasant movements in Bengal 1920 - 1946	5	AS
	Subhash Chandra Bose and the Congress	5	AS
	Independence and Partition	5	KD

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<b>SEMESTER – VI</b>			
<b>JANUARY'22 – JUNE'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>DSE – B – 3 History of Modern East Asia – II Japan (c1868 – 1945)</b>	Transition from feudalism of capitalism	5	AD AS
	Japanese Imperialism	5	AD
	Democracy and Militarism/Fascism	5	AD
	Government of India Act 1935 and its aftermath	5	AD
	Peasant movements in Bengal 1920 - 1946	5	AS
	Subhash Chandra Bose and the Congress	5	AD
	Independence and Partition	5	AS

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<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022 - 2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – I</b>			
<b>JULY'22 – DECEMBER'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC-1 History of India from the earliest times to C300 BCE</b>	Reconstructing Ancient Indian History – a) Early Indian notions of history b) Sources and tools of historical reconstruction. c) Historical interpretations (with special reference to gender, environment, technology and regions)	5	SG
	Hunter-gatherers and the advent of food products a) Palaeolithic cultures –sequence and distribution; stone industries and other technological developments b) Mesolithic cultures – regional and chronological distribution; new developments in technology and economy; rock art c) Neolithic and Chalcolithic cultures: distribution and subsistence pattern	15	JGW
	The Harappan civilization: origins; settlement patterns and town planning; agrarian base; craft productions and trade; social and political organization; religious beliefs and practices; art; the problem of urban decline and the late/post- Harappan traditions.	15	KD2
	Culture of transition : Settlement patterns, technological and economic developments; social stratification; political relations; religion and philosophy; the Aryan problem . a) North India (circa 1500 BCE – 300 BCE)	18	AS
	b) Central India and the Deccan (circa 1000 BCE – circa 300 BCE)	4	SM

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<b>SEMESTER – I</b>			
<b>JULY'22 – DECEMBER'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 2 Social Formations and Cultural Patterns of the ancient world other than India</b>	Evolution of human kind: Paleolithic and Mesolithic cultures - Role of kinship social Institutions in the development of early societies. Food production beginnings of agriculture and animal husbandry	12	JGW
	Bronze Age civilizations, with reference t any one of the following: (i) Egypt (Old Kingdom); (ii) china (Shang), economy, social stratification, state structure, religion.	10	SG
	Nomadic groups in Central and West Asia; Debate on the advent of iron and its Implications.	8	KD2
	Slave society in ancient Greece & Rome: agrarian economy, urbanization, trade.	15	JGW SG
	Polis in ancient Greece: Athens and Sparta; Greek culture	15	AS SM

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
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<b>SEMESTER – III</b>			
<b>JULY'22 – DECEMBER'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC-5 History of India (CE 750 – 1206)</b>	<b>I)Studying Early Medieval India</b> Historical geography sources: texts, epigraphic and numismatic data. Debates on Indian Feudalism, rise of the Rajputs and the nature of the state.	8	SG
	<b>II)Political Structures</b> a) Evolution of political structures: Rashtrakutas, Palas, Pratiharas, Rajputs and Cholas. b) Legitimization of kingship; Brahmanas and temples; royal genealogies and rituals c) Arab conquest of Sindh : nature and impact of the new set-up; Ismaili Dawah d) Cause and consequences of early Turkish invasions : Mamud of Ghazna; Shahab-ud-Din of Ghur	20	KD
	<b>III)Agrarian structure and social change</b> a) Agricultural expansion; crops b) Landlords and peasants c) Proliferation of castes: status of untouchables d) Tribes as peasants and their place in the Varna order	10	SM
	<b>IV)Trade and Commerce</b> a) Inter-regional trade b) Maritime trade c) Forms of exchange d) Process of urbanization e) Merchant guilds of South India	10	JGW
	<b>V)Religious and Cultural developments</b> a) Bhakti, Tantrism, Puranic traditions; Buddhism and Jainism; Popular religious cults. b) Islamic intellectual traditions: Al-Biruni; Al-Hujwiri c) Regional languages and literature	12	KD

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<b>2020- 2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – III</b>			
<b>JULY'20 – DECEMBER'20</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 6 Rise of the Modern West – I</b>	<b>I)Transition Debate on transition from Feudalism to capitalism:</b> problems and theories	6	AD
	<b>II)The exploration of the new world:</b> motives a) Portugese and Spanish voyages	6	SG
	<b>III)Renaissance :</b> Its social roots a) Renaissance humanism b) Rediscovery of classics c) Italian renaissance and its impact on art, culture, education and political thoughts d) Its spread in Europe	15	AD
	<b>IV)Reformation movements:</b> origins & courses a) Marthin Luther & Lutheranism b) John Calvin & Calvinism c) Radical reformation: Anabapists and Huguenots d) English reformation and the role of the state e) counter reformation	15	AD
	<b>V)economic developments</b> a) shift of economic balance from the Mediterranean to the atlantic b) commercial revolution c) price revolution d) agricultural revolution and the enclosure movement	12	SG
	<b>VI)development of national monarchy</b> a)emergence of European state system	6	SG

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – III</b>			
<b>JULY'22– DECEMBER'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 7 History of India (c1206 – 1526)</b>	<b>1.Interpreting the Delhi Sultanate</b> Survey of sources: Persian tarikh tradition; vernacular histories; epigraphy	4	KD2
	<b>II)Sultanate Political structures</b> a. Foundation, expansion and consolidation of the Sultanate of Delhi; the Khaljis and the Tughluqs; Mongol threat and Timur's invasion; Rise and fall of Syed dynasty; The Lodis; Conquest of Bahlul and Sikandar; Ibrahim Lodi and the battle of Panipat; b. Theories of Kingship; Ruling elites; Sufis, Ulama and the political authority; imperial monuments and coinage c. Emergence of provincial dynasties: Bahamanis, Vijayanagar, Gujarat, Malwa, Jaunpur and Bengal d. Consolidation of regional identities: regional art, architecture and literature	22	KD AS
	<b>III)Society and Economy</b> a. Iqta and the revenue-free grants b. Agriculture production; technology c. Changes in rural society; revenue systems d. Monetization; market regulations; growth of urban centres; trade and commerce; Indian Ocean trade	16	JGW
	<b>IV)Religion and Culture</b> a. Sufi silsilas: Chishtis and Suhrawardis; doctrines and practices; social roles. b. Bhakti movements and monotheistic traditions in South and North India; Women Bhaktas; Nathpanthis; Kabir, Nanak and the Sant tradition c. Sufi literature; Malfuzat; Premakhayans d. Architecture of the Delhi Sultanat	18	SG SM

**HISTORY HONOURS****ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-2021****SEMESTER – III****JULY'20 – DECEMBER'20**

<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>SEC – A – I Achieves and Museums</b>	<b>I)Definition and history of development</b> (with special reference to India)	6	KD
	<b>II)Types of archives and museums:</b> Understanding the traditions of preservation in India Collection policies, ethics and procedures Collection: field exploration, excavation, purchase, gift and bequests, loans and deposits, exchanges, treasure trove confiscation and others. Documentation: accessioning, indexing, cataloguing, digital documentation and deaccessioning Preservation: curatorial care, preventive conservation, chemical preservation and restoration	6	AD
	<b>III)Museum presentation and exhibition:</b>	6	AD
	<b>IV)Museums, archives and society:</b> (Education and communication Outreach activities)	6	KD



<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – V</b>			
<b>JULY'22 – DECEMBER'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC – 11 History of Modern Europe (c1780 – 1939)</b>	<b>I. The French Revolution and its European repercussions</b> a) Crisis of ancien regime b) Intellectual currents c) Social classes and emerging gender relations. d) Phases of the French Revolution e) Art and Culture of French Revolution f) Napoleonic consolidation – reform and empire.	10	JGW
	<b>II. Restoration and Revolution – c1815 -1848</b> a) Forces of conservatism and restoration of old hierarchies. b) Social, Political and intellectual currents. c) Revolutionary and Radical movements, 1830 -1848	10	JGW
	<b>III. Capitalist Industrialization and Social and Economic Transformation (late 18<sup>th</sup> century to AD1914)</b> a) Process of capitalist development in industry and agriculture: case studies of Britain, France, the German States and Russia. b) Evolution and Differentiation of social classes : Bourgeoisie, proletariat, Land Owning classes and peasantry. c) Changing trends in demography and urban patterns d) Family, gender and process of industrialization.	10	AS
	<b>IV. Varieties of Nationalism and the Remarking of states in the 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> centuries</b> a) Intellectual currents, popular movements and the formation of National identities in Germany, Italy, Ireland and the Balkans. b) Specifications of economic development, political and administrative Reorganization – Italy; Germany. c) Revolutions of 1905; the Bolshevik Revolution of 1917 d) Programme of Socialist Construction and the Soviet Union during the inter-war period 1918- 39.	10	KD2
	<b>V. Imperialism, War and Crisis: c1880 -1918</b> a) Theories and mechanisms of imperialism; b) Growth of Militarism; c) Power blocks and alliances; d) Expansion of European empires e) War of 1914 - 1918	10	SM
	<b>VI. Europe between Two World Wars</b> a) Post War Europe: A Diplomatic History b) The Great Depression c) Rise of Fascism in Italy and Nazism in Germany d) The Spanish Civil War e) Policy of Appeasement and Russo German Non-Aggression Pact f) Origins and Course of the Second World War	10	AD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – V</b>			
<b>JULY'22 – DECEMBER'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC – 12 History of India (c1750s – 1857)</b>	<b>I. India in the mid-18<sup>th</sup> Century, Society, Economy, Polity</b> Society, Economy, Polity	10	JGW
	<b>II. Expansion and consolidation of Colonial power</b> a) Mercantilism, foreign trade and early forms of exactions from Bengal b) Dynamics of expansion, with special reference to Bengal, Mysore, Western India, Awadh, Punjab and Sindh.	10	SG
	<b>III. Colonial State and ideology</b> a) Arms of the colonial state : army, police, law b) Ideologies of the Raj and racial attitudes. c) Education : indigenous and modern	10	AD
	<b>IV. Rural Economy and Society</b> a) Land revenue systems and forest policy b) Commercialization and indebtedness c) Rural society: change and continuity. d) Famines e) Pastoral economy and shifting cultivation.	10	SM
	<b>V. Trade and Industry</b> a) De industrialization b) Trade and fiscal policy c) Drain of Wealth d) Growth of modern industry	10	SG
	<b>VI. Popular Resistance</b> a) Santhal uprising (1857); Indigo rebellion (1860); Pabna Agrarian Leagues(1873); Deccan riots (1875) b) Uprising of 1857	10	KD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – V</b>			
<b>JULY'22 – DECEMBER'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>Paper -1 – DSE-A-1 History of Bengal (c1757 - 1905)</b>	<b>I. Political history of Bengal under the Nawabs</b>	5	KD
	<b>II. Administrative history -1765 – 1833</b>	5	KD
	<b>III. Colonial economy – agriculture, trade and industry</b>	5	KD
	<b>IV. Cultural changes and social and Religious Reform movements</b>	5	KD
	<b>V. Christian missionaries</b>	5	AS
	<b>VI. Protest movements and insurgencies against the Raj</b>	5	AS
	<b>VII. Partition of Bengal 1905: Curzon and the administrative blueprint</b>	5	KD

**HISTORY HONOURS****ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-2023****SEMESTER – V****JULY'22 – DECEMBER'22**

<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>Paper -5– DSE-B-1 History of  Modern East Asia –I China</b>	<p><b>I. Imperialism and China during the 19<sup>th</sup> and early 20<sup>th</sup> century</b></p> <p>a) Chinese feudalism : Gentry, Bureaucracy and peasantry; the Confucian value system; Sinocentrism; the canton commercial system</p> <p>b)The transformation of China into an informal colony; the Opium Wars; the Unequal Treaties; the scramble for concessions; Finance Imperialism; the Open Door policy.</p> <p>c)Agrarian and Popular Movements : Taiping and Yi Ho Tuan</p> <p>d)Attempts at Self-Strengthening (Tzu-Chiang): Reforms of 1860-95; 1898; and 1901-08.</p> <p><b>ii) The Emergence of Nationalism in China</b></p> <p>a)The Revolution of 1911: Causes , nature and significance; the social composition of the Revolution; Sun Yat-sen and his contribution; the formation of the Republic; Yuan Shih Kai; War Lordism.</p> <p>b)May Fourth Movement of 1919: Nature and Significance</p>	15	AD AS
	<p><b>History of China (cc.1919-1949)</b></p> <p>i) Nationalism and Communism in China (1921 – 1937)</p> <p>a) Formation of CCP; and the</p> <p>b) The First United Front</p> <p>i)The Communist Movement (1938-1949)</p> <p>ii)The Jiangxi Period and the rise of Mao Tse Tung</p>	15	AD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022 – 2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – II</b>			
<b>JANUARY'23 – JUNE'23</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC-3 History of India (CE 750 – 1206)</b>	<b>I. Studying Early Medieval India</b> a)Expansion of agrarian economy : production relations b)Urban growth: north India, central India and the Deccan; craft Production: trade and trade routes; coinage c)Social stratification: class, Varna, Jati, untouchability; gender; marriage and property relations	8	KD
	<b>II. Political Structures</b> a)The Mauryan Empire b)Post-Mauryan Politiities with special reference to the Kushanas and the Satavahanas; Gana- Sanghas	20	JGW SM
	<b>III. Towards early medieval India (circa CE fourth century to CE 750):</b> a) Agrarian expansion: land grants, changing production relations; graded land rights and peasantry. b)The problem of urban decline: patterns of trade, currency, and urban settlements. c)Varna, proliferation of Jatis: changing norms of marriage and property d) The nature of polities: the Gupta empire and its contemporaries: post- Gupta polities- Pallavas, Chalukyas, and Vardhanas.	10	KD
	<b>IV. Religion, philosophy and society (circa 300 BCE – CE 750)</b> a)Consolidation of the Brahmanical tradition : dharma, Varnashram, Purushastras, Samskaras. b)Theistic cults (from circa second century BC): Mahayana; the Puranic tradition. c) The beginnings of Tantricism	10	AS
	<b>V. Cultural developments (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 750):</b> a)A brief survey of Sanskrit, Pali, Prakrit and Tamil literature. Scientific and technical treatises. b)Art and architecture and forms and patronage; Mauryan , Post-Mauryan, Gupta , Post-Gupta	12	SG

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022 - 2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – II</b>			
<b>JANUARY'23 – JUNE'23</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 4 – Group – B &amp; C Social formations and cultural patterns of the Medieval World other than India (C300 – C750CE)</b>	<b>I. Crisis of the Roman Empire and its principal causes - Historiography</b>	10	AD
	<b>II. Religion and culture in Medieval Europe-</b> Society, Religious organizations (Church and Monastery), Carolingian renaissance 12th century renaissance, Position of Women in Medieval Europe, Witchcraft and Magic, Urbanization, Rise of University, Medieval art and architecture	24	AD KD2
	<b>III. The feudal society its origins and its crisis – Historiography</b>	12	AD
	<b>IV. Judaism and Christianity under Islam</b>	14	KD2

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
<b>JANUARY'23 – JUNE'23</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 8 Rise of the Modern West – II</b>	A) a) Printing revolution b) Revolution in war techniques	10	SG
	B) a)Crisis in Europe in the 17 <sup>th</sup> century c) Its economic, social and political dimensions	10	SG
	C) a) The English revolution: major issues b) Political and intellectual issues	10	AD
	D) a) Scientific Revolution b) Emergence of scientific academies c) Origins of Enlightenment	10	AD
	E) a) Mercantilism and European economics e) Preludes to the Industrial Revolution	10	AD
	F) a) European politics in the 17 <sup>th</sup> & 18 <sup>th</sup> century h) Parliamentary monarchy; i) Patterns of absolutism in Europe	10	SG

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
<b>JANUARY'23 – JUNE'23</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 9 History of India (c1526 – 1605)</b>	<b>I) Sources and Historiography</b> a) Persian literary culture; translations; Vernacular literary traditions. b)Modern Interpretations	4	KD2
	<b>II) Establishment of Mughal rule</b> a) India on the eve of Babur's Invasion b) Fire arms, military technology and warfare c) Humayun's struggle for empire d) Sher Shah and his administrative and revenue reform	12	JGW
	<b>III) Consolidation of Mughal rule under Akbar</b> a) Campaigns and conquests: tactics and technology b) Evolution of administrative institutions : Zabt, Masnab, Jagir, Madad-I-Maash c) Revolts and resistance	12	JGW
	<b>IV) Expansion and Integration</b> a)Incorporation of Rajputs and other indigenous groups in Mughal nobility. b)North-West frontier, Gujarat and the Deccan c) Conquest of Bengal	12	KD
	<b>V) Rural Society and Economy</b> a)Land rights and revenue system; Zamindars and Peasants; rural tensions b)Extension of agriculture; agricultural production; crop patterns c) Trade routes and patterns of internal commerce; overseas trade; rise of Surat	8	KD
	<b>VI) Political and religious ideals</b> a)Inclusive political ideas: theory and practice b) Religious tolerance and Sulh-i-kul; Sufi mystical and intellectual interventions c)Pressure from the Ulama	8	SM



<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-23</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
<b>JANUARY'23 – JUNE'23</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 10 History of India (c1605 – 1750s)</b>	<b>I) Sources: Persian and vernacular literary cultures, histories, memories and travelogues</b>	3	KD
	<b>II) Political culture under Jahangir and Shah Jahan</b> a) Extension of Mughal rule; changes in Mansab and Jagir systems; imperial culture b) Orthodoxy and syncretism – Naqshbandi Sufis, Miyan Mir, Dara Shukoh, Samrad	14	JGW
	<b>III) Mughal Empire under Aurangzeb</b> a) State and religion under Aurangzeb; issues in the war of succession; policies regarding religious groups and institutions b) Conquests and limits of expansion c) Beginning of the crisis: contemporary perceptions; agrarian and Jagir crises; revolts.	14	KD
	<b>IV) Visual culture: Paintings and Architecture</b>	6	SM
	<b>V) Patterns of Regional Politics</b> a) Rajput political culture and state formation b) Deccan kingdoms; emergence of the Marathas; Shiva; expansion under the Peshwas c) Mughal decline; emergence of successor states d) Interpreting eighteenth century India: recent debates	10	JGW
	<b>VI) Trade and Commerce</b> a) Crafts and technologies; Monetary system b) Markets, transportation, urban centres c) Indian Ocean trade network	8	KD2

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
<b>JANUARY'23 – JUNE'23</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>SEC – B – 2 Art Appreciation: an Introduction to Indian Art</b>	<b>I. Prehistoric and protohistoric art</b> Rock art; Harappan arts and crafts	4	KD2
	<b>II. Indian Art (c. 600 CE – 1200 CE)</b> a) World Heritage Site Managers, UNESCO World Heritage Manuals b) Notions of art and craft Canons of Indian paintings Major developments in stupa, cave, and temple art and architecture Early Indian sculpture: style and iconography Numismatic art c) Temple forms and their architectural features Early illustrated manuscripts and mural painting traditions Early medieval sculpture: style and iconography Indian bronzes or metal icons	6	KD
	<b>III. Indian art and architecture (c. 1200 CE – 1800 CE)</b> Sultanate and Mughal architecture Miniature painting traditions: Mughal, Rajasthani, Pahari Introduction to fort, palace and haveli architecture	6	AD
	<b>VIII. Modern and Contemporary Indian art and Architecture</b> The Colonial Period Art movements: Bengal School of Art, Progressive Artists Group, etc. Major artists and their artworks Popular art forms (folk art traditions)	8	KD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – VI</b>			
<b>JANUARY'23 – JUNE'23</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 13 History of India (C1857 – 1964)</b>	<b>I. Cultural changes and social and religious reform movements</b> a) Growth of a new intelligentsia – the Press and Public Opinion b) Reform and Revival : Brahmo Samaj, Prarthna Samaj, and Ramakrishna and Vivekananda, Arya Samaj, Wahabi, Deoband, Aligarh and Singh Sabha Movements. c) Debates around gender d) Making of religious and linguistic identities e) Caste : Sanskritising and anti Brahminical trends	10	JGW
	<b>II. Nationalism : Trends up to 1919</b> a) Formation of early political organizations b) Moderates and extremists c) Swadeshi movement d) Revolutionaries	10	SM
	<b>III. Gandhian nationalism after 1919</b> a) Mahatma Gandhi : his Perspectives and Methods b) i) Impact of the First World War ii) Rowlatt Satyagraha and Jalianwala Bagh iii) Non-Cooperative and Civil Disobedience iv) Provincial Autonomy, Quit India and INA c) Left wing movements d) Princely India : States people movements	10	AS
	<b>IV. Nationalism and social groups: Interfaces</b> a) Landlords, Professionals and Middle Classes b) Peasants c) Tribals d) Labours e) Dalits f) Women g) Business groups	5	JGW
	<b>I. Communalism : Ideologies and practices, RSS , Hindu Maha Sabha, Muslim League</b>	5	JGW
	<b>VI. Independence and Partition</b> a) Negotiations for independence and partition b) Popular movements c) Partition riots	10	AS
	<b>VII. Emergence of a New State</b> a) Making of the Constitution b) Integration of princely states c) Land reform and beginnings of planning d) The Nehru years.	10	SM

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – VI</b>			
<b>JANUARY'23 – JUNE'23</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 14 History of World Politics (1945 – 1994)</b>	<b>The cold war</b> Weakening of European balance of power: Origins of The Cold War: Yalta and Potsdam Conferences; End of wartime alliance	6	AD
	<b>The USA in World Politics</b> Truman Doctrine, Marshall Plan, NATO	6	KD2
	<b>The USSR in World Politics</b> Molotov Plan, COMECON and Cominform; Sovietisation of Eastern Europe; Berlin Blockade; Warsaw Pact	6	KD2
	<b>Manifestation of Cold War</b> The Korean Crisis- End of French Colonial rule in Indo-China and the Vietnam War – Cuban Crisis	6	AD
	<b>De-Stalinisation; Thaw in cold war, Détente and road to the ending of Cold War</b> Thaw in Cold War; Détente and road to the ending of Cold War	6	KD2
	<b>Disintegration and Decline of the Soviet Union</b> ; Thaw in Cold War; Détente and road to the ending of Cold War	6	KD2
	<b>Emergence of the people's Republic of China</b> – China and the USA – Sino-Soviet rift.	6	AD
	<b>West Asian Crisis</b> – Palestine and Western Powers – Birth of Israel – Arab-Israel Conflict – The Suez Crisis (1956); Origin and Formation of PLO; Yom Kippur War (1973) ; Camp David Accord(1979); Oslo Peace Accord(1993).	6	KD2
	<b>Decolonization</b> The African Case Study: Ghana, Algeria, Congo, Kenya	6	AD
	<b>Protest Politics</b> Civil Rights Movement, Anti-Apartheid Movement and the end of Apartheid (1994), Second Wave Feminist Movement	6	AD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – VI</b>			
<b>JANUARY'23 – JUNE'23</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>DSE – A – 3 History of Bengal (c1905 – 1947)</b>	Partition of Bengal and Swadeshi Movement	5	KD
	Communal Politics	5	KD
	Gandhian nationalism after 1919	5	KD
	Government of India Act 1935 and its aftermath	5	KD
	Peasant movements in Bengal 1920 - 1946	5	AS
	Subhash Chandra Bose and the Congress	5	AS
	Independence and Partition	5	KD

<b>HISTORY HONOURS</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – VI</b>			
<b>JANUARY'23 – JUNE'23</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>DSE – B – 3 History of Modern East Asia – II Japan (c1868 – 1945)</b>	Transition from feudalism of capitalism	5	AD AS
	Japanese Imperialism	5	AD
	Democracy and Militarism/Fascism	5	AD
	Government of India Act 1935 and its aftermath	5	AD
	Peasant movements in Bengal 1920 - 1946	5	AS
	Subhash Chandra Bose and the Congress	5	AD
	Independence and Partition	5	AS



**Lesson plan for History General (CBCS)**

**2018-2023**



<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2018 - 2019</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – I</b>			
<b>JULY'18 – DECEMBER'18</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC – 1/GE1 History of India from Earliest Times up to 300 CE</b>	Source & Interpretation	2	SG
	A broad survey of Palaeolithic, Mesolithic and Neolithic cultures	2	JGW
	Harappan civilization: Origin, Extent, dominant features & decline, Chalcolithic age	6	KD2
	The Vedic Period: Polity, Society, Economy and Religion, Iron Age with reference to PGW & Megaliths	6	AS
	Territorial States and the rise of Magadha Conditions for the rise of Mahajanpadas and the Causes of Magadha's success	6	SM
	Iranian and Macedonian Invasions, Alexander's Invasion and impact	2	SG
	Jainism and Buddhism : Causes, Doctrines, Spread, Decline and Contributions	6	JGW
	Emergence and growth of Mauryan Empire; state administration, economy, Ashoka's Dhamma, Art & Architecture	14	KD2
	The Satvahana Phase: Aspects of Political History, Material Culture, Administration, Religion	4	AS
	The Sangam Age: Sangam Literature, The three Early Kingdoms, Society & the Tamil language	4	SM
	The age of the Indo-Greeks, Shakas Parthians & Kushanas: aspects of polity, society, Religion, art & crafts, coins, commerce and towns.	8	AS

<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2018 - 2019</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – II</b>			
<b>JANUARY'19 – JUNE'19</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 2/GE2 History of India (c300 – 1206)</b>	The Rise & growth of the Guptas: Administration, Society, Economy, Religion, Art, Literature, and Science & Technology.	10	JGW
	Harsha & his times: Harsha's Kingdom, Administration, Buddhism & Nalanda	6	SG
	South India – polity, society, economy, culture	10	KD2
	Towards the Early Medieval : changes in society, polity economy and culture with reference to the Pallavas, Chalukayas and Vardhanas	12	JGW SG
	Evolution of political structures of Rashtakutas, Pala & Pratiharas	10	
	Emergence of Rajput states in Northern India: Polity, Economy & Society	6	AS SM
	Arabs in Sindh: Polity, Religion & Society	2	AS
	Struggle for power in Northern India & establishment of Sultanate	4	KD2

<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2019 - 2020</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – I</b>			
<b>JULY'19 – DECEMBER'19</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC – 1/GE1 History of India from Earliest Times up to 300 CE</b>	Source & Interpretation	2	SG
	A broad survey of Palaeolithic, Mesolithic and Neolithic cultures	2	JGW
	Harappan civilization: Origin, Extent, dominant features & decline, Chalcolithic age	6	KD2
	The Vedic Period: Polity, Society, Economy and Religion, Iron Age with reference to PGW & Megaliths	6	AS
	Territorial States and the rise of Magadha Conditions for the rise of Mahajanpadas and the Causes of Magadha's success	6	SM
	Iranian and Macedonian Invasions, Alexander's Invasion and impact	2	SG
	Jainism and Buddhism : Causes, Doctrines, Spread, Decline and Contributions	6	JGW
	Emergence and growth of Mauryan Empire; state administration, economy, Ashoka's Dhamma, Art & Architecture	14	KD2
	The Satvahana Phase: Aspects of Political History, Material Culture, Administration, Religion	4	AS
	The Sangam Age: Sangam Literature, The three Early Kingdoms, Society & the Tamil language	4	SM
	The age of the Indo-Greeks, Shakas Parthians & Kushanas: aspects of polity, society, Religion, art & crafts, coins, commerce and towns.	8	AS

<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2019-2020</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – III</b>			
<b>JULY'19 – DECEMBER'19</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC – 3/GE3 History of India from 1206 to 1707</b>	Foundation, expansion & consolidation of the Delhi Sultanate; nobility & Iqta system	8	KD2
	Military, administrative & economic reforms under the Khiljis and the Tughlaqs	10	JGW SM
	Bhakti & Sufi movement	4	SS
	Provincial kingdoms: Mewar, Bengal, Vijaynagar & Bahamanis	6	AS
	Second Afghan State	4	SG
	Emergence and consolidation of Mughal State, C. 16 <sup>th</sup> century to, mid -17 <sup>th</sup> century	2	AD
	Akbar to Aurangzeb: administrative structure-Mansab & Jagirs, State & Religion, Socio- Religious Movements.	14	KD
	Economy, society & culture under the Mughals	6	SS
	Emergence of Maratha Power	6	JGW

<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2019 - 2020</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – II</b>			
<b>JANUARY'20 – JUNE'20</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 2/GE2 History of India (c300 – 1206)</b>	The Rise & growth of the Guptas: Administration, Society, Economy, Religion, Art, Literature, and Science & Technology.	10	JGW
	Harsha & his times: Harsha's Kingdom, Administration, Buddhism & Nalanda	6	SG
	South India – polity, society, economy, culture	10	KD2
	Towards the Early Medieval : changes in society, polity economy and culture with reference to the Pallavas, Chalukayas and Vardhanas	12	JGW SG
	Evolution of political structures of Rashtakutas, Pala & Pratiharas	10	
	Emergence of Rajput states in Northern India: Polity, Economy & Society	6	AS SM
	Arabs in Sindh: Polity, Religion & Society	2	AS
	Struggle for power in Northern India & establishment of Sultanate	4	KD2

<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2019-2020</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
<b>JANUARY'20 – JUNE'20</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 4/GE4 History of India (1707 – 1950)</b>	Interpreting the 18 <sup>th</sup> century	6	AD
	Emergence of Independent states & establishment of colonial power	10	AD KD2
	Expansion & consolidation of colonial power upto 1857	12	AD
	Uprising of 1857: Causes, Nature & Aftermath	8	KD2
	Colonial economy: Agriculture, Trade & Industry	4	SS
	Socio-Religious movements in the 19 <sup>th</sup> century	4	JGW
	Emergence & growth of nationalism with focus on Gandhian nationalism	6	KD
	Communalism: Genesis, Growth and partition of India.	4	SG
	Advent of freedom: Constituent Assembly, establishment of Republic.	6	SM

<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020 - 2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – I</b>			
<b>JULY'20 – DECEMBER'20</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC – 1/GE1 History of India from Earliest Times up to 300 CE</b>	Source & Interpretation	2	SG
	A broad survey of Palaeolithic, Mesolithic and Neolithic cultures	2	JGW
	Harappan civilization: Origin, Extent, dominant features & decline, Chalcolithic age	6	KD2
	The Vedic Period: Polity, Society, Economy and Religion, Iron Age with reference to PGW & Megaliths	6	AS
	Territorial States and the rise of Magadha Conditions for the rise of Mahajanpadas and the Causes of Magadha's success	6	SM
	Iranian and Macedonian Invasions, Alexander's Invasion and impact	2	SG
	Jainism and Buddhism : Causes, Doctrines, Spread, Decline and Contributions	6	JGW
	Emergence and growth of Mauryan Empire; state administration, economy, Ashoka's Dhamma, Art & Architecture	14	KD2
	The Satvahana Phase: Aspects of Political History, Material Culture, Administration, Religion	4	AS
	The Sangam Age: Sangam Literature, The three Early Kingdoms, Society & the Tamil language	4	SM
	The age of the Indo-Greeks, Shakas Parthians & Kushanas: aspects of polity, society, Religion, art & crafts, coins, commerce and towns.	8	AS

<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – III</b>			
<b>JULY'20 – DECEMBER'20</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC – 3/GE3 History of India from 1206 to 1707</b>	Foundation, expansion & consolidation of the Delhi Sultanate; nobility & Iqta system	8	KD2
	Military, administrative & economic reforms under the Khiljis and the Tughlaqs	10	JGW SM
	Bhakti & Sufi movement	4	SS
	Provincial kingdoms: Mewar, Bengal, Vijaynagar & Bahamanis	6	AS
	Second Afghan State	4	SG
	Emergence and consolidation of Mughal State, C. 16 <sup>th</sup> century to, mid -17 <sup>th</sup> century	2	AD
	Akbar to Aurangzeb: administrative structure-Mansab & Jagirs, State & Religion, Socio- Religious Movements.	14	KD
	Economy, society & culture under the Mughals	6	SS
	Emergence of Maratha Power	6	JGW



<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020 - 2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – II</b>			
<b>JANUARY'21 – JUNE'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 2/GE2 History of India (c300 – 1206)</b>	The Rise & growth of the Guptas: Administration, Society, Economy, Religion, Art, Literature, and Science & Technology.	10	JGW
	Harsha & his times: Harsha's Kingdom, Administration, Buddhism & Nalanda	6	SG
	South India – polity, society, economy, culture	10	KD2
	Towards the Early Medieval : changes in society, polity economy and culture with reference to the Pallavas, Chalukayas and Vardhanas	12	JGW SG
	Evolution of political structures of Rashtakutas, Pala & Pratiharas	10	
	Emergence of Rajput states in Northern India: Polity, Economy & Society	6	AS SM
	Arabs in Sindh: Polity, Religion & Society	2	AS
	Struggle for power in Northern India & establishment of Sultanate	4	KD2

<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2020-2021</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
<b>JANUARY'21 – JUNE'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 4/GE4 History of India (1707 – 1950)</b>	Interpreting the 18 <sup>th</sup> century	6	AD
	Emergence of Independent states & establishment of colonial power	10	AD KD2
	Expansion & consolidation of colonial power upto 1857	12	AD
	Uprising of 1857: Causes, Nature & Aftermath	8	KD2
	Colonial economy: Agriculture, Trade & Industry	4	SS
	Socio-Religious movements in the 19 <sup>th</sup> century	4	JGW
	Emergence & growth of nationalism with focus on Gandhian nationalism	6	KD
	Communalism: Genesis, Growth and partition of India.	4	SG
	Advent of freedom: Constituent Assembly, establishment of Republic.	6	SM

<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021 - 2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – I</b>			
<b>JULY'21 – DECEMBER'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC – 1/GE1 History of India from Earliest Times up to 300 CE</b>	Source & Interpretation	2	SG
	A broad survey of Palaeolithic, Mesolithic and Neolithic cultures	2	JGW
	Harappan civilization: Origin, Extent, dominant features & decline, Chalcolithic age	6	KD2
	The Vedic Period: Polity, Society, Economy and Religion, Iron Age with reference to PGW & Megaliths	6	AS
	Territorial States and the rise of Magadha Conditions for the rise of Mahajanpadas and the Causes of Magadha's success	6	SM
	Iranian and Macedonian Invasions, Alexander's Invasion and impact	2	SG
	Jainism and Buddhism : Causes, Doctrines, Spread, Decline and Contributions	6	JGW
	Emergence and growth of Mauryan Empire; state administration, economy, Ashoka's Dhamma, Art & Architecture	14	KD2
	The Satvahana Phase: Aspects of Political History, Material Culture, Administration, Religion	4	AS
	The Sangam Age: Sangam Literature, The three Early Kingdoms, Society & the Tamil language	4	SM
	The age of the Indo-Greeks, Shakas Parthians & Kushanas: aspects of polity, society, Religion, art & crafts, coins, commerce and towns.	8	AS

<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – III</b>			
<b>JULY'21 – DECEMBER'21</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC – 3/GE3 History of India from 1206 to 1707</b>	Foundation, expansion & consolidation of the Delhi Sultanate; nobility & Iqta system	8	KD2
	Military, administrative & economic reforms under the Khiljis and the Tughlaqs	10	JGW SM
	Bhakti & Sufi movement	4	SS
	Provincial kingdoms: Mewar, Bengal, Vijaynagar & Bahamanis	6	AS
	Second Afghan State	4	SG
	Emergence and consolidation of Mughal State, C. 16 <sup>th</sup> century to, mid -17 <sup>th</sup> century	2	AD
	Akbar to Aurangzeb: administrative structure-Mansab & Jagirs, State & Religion, Socio- Religious Movements.	14	KD
	Economy, society & culture under the Mughals	6	SS
	Emergence of Maratha Power	6	JGW

<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021 - 2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – II</b>			
<b>JANUARY'22 – JUNE'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 2/GE2 History of India (c300 – 1206)</b>	The Rise & growth of the Guptas: Administration, Society, Economy, Religion, Art, Literature, and Science & Technology.	10	JGW
	Harsha & his times: Harsha's Kingdom, Administration, Buddhism & Nalanda	6	SG
	South India – polity, society, economy, culture	10	KD2
	Towards the Early Medieval : changes in society, polity economy and culture with reference to the Pallavas, Chalukayas and Vardhanas	12	JGW SG
	Evolution of political structures of Rashtakutas, Pala & Pratiharas	10	
	Emergence of Rajput states in Northern India: Polity, Economy & Society	6	AS SM
	Arabs in Sindh: Polity, Religion & Society	2	AS
	Struggle for power in Northern India & establishment of Sultanate	4	KD2

<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-2022</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
<b>JANUARY'22 – JUNE'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 4/GE4 History of India (1707 – 1950)</b>	Interpreting the 18 <sup>th</sup> century	6	AD
	Emergence of Independent states & establishment of colonial power	10	AD KD2
	Expansion & consolidation of colonial power upto 1857	12	AD
	Uprising of 1857: Causes, Nature & Aftermath	8	KD2
	Colonial economy: Agriculture, Trade & Industry	4	SS
	Socio-Religious movements in the 19 <sup>th</sup> century	4	JGW
	Emergence & growth of nationalism with focus on Gandhian nationalism	6	KD
	Communalism: Genesis, Growth and partition of India.	4	SG
	Advent of freedom: Constituent Assembly, establishment of Republic.	6	SM

<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022 - 2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – I</b>			
<b>JULY'22 – DECEMBER'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC – 1/GE1 History of India from Earliest Times up to 300 CE</b>	Source & Interpretation	2	SG
	A broad survey of Palaeolithic, Mesolithic and Neolithic cultures	2	JGW
	Harappan civilization: Origin, Extent, dominant features & decline, Chalcolithic age	6	KD2
	The Vedic Period: Polity, Society, Economy and Religion, Iron Age with reference to PGW & Megaliths	6	AS
	Territorial States and the rise of Magadha Conditions for the rise of Mahajanpadas and the Causes of Magadha's success	6	SM
	Iranian and Macedonian Invasions, Alexander's Invasion and impact	2	SG
	Jainism and Buddhism : Causes, Doctrines, Spread, Decline and Contributions	6	JGW
	Emergence and growth of Mauryan Empire; state administration, economy, Ashoka's Dhamma, Art & Architecture	14	KD2
	The Satvahana Phase: Aspects of Political History, Material Culture, Administration, Religion	4	AS
	The Sangam Age: Sangam Literature, The three Early Kingdoms, Society & the Tamil language	4	SM
	The age of the Indo-Greeks, Shakas Parthians & Kushanas: aspects of polity, society, Religion, art & crafts, coins, commerce and towns.	8	AS

<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – III</b>			
<b>JULY'22 – DECEMBER'22</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC – 3/GE3 History of India from 1206 to 1707</b>	Foundation, expansion & consolidation of the Delhi Sultanate; nobility & Iqta system	8	KD2
	Military, administrative & economic reforms under the Khiljis and the Tughlaqs	10	JGW SM
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	Provincial kingdoms: Mewar, Bengal, Vijaynagar & Bahamanis	6	AS
	Second Afghan State	4	SG
	Emergence and consolidation of Mughal State, C. 16 <sup>th</sup> century to, mid -17 <sup>th</sup> century	2	AD
	Akbar to Aurangzeb: administrative structure-Mansab & Jagirs, State & Religion, Socio- Religious Movements.	14	KD
	Economy, society & culture under the Mughals	6	SS
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<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022 - 2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – II</b>			
<b>JANUARY'23 – JUNE'23</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 2/GE2 History of India (c300 – 1206)</b>	The Rise & growth of the Guptas: Administration, Society, Economy, Religion, Art, Literature, and Science & Technology.	10	JGW
	Harsha & his times: Harsha's Kingdom, Administration, Buddhism & Nalanda	6	SG
	South India – polity, society, economy, culture	10	KD2
	Towards the Early Medieval : changes in society, polity economy and culture with reference to the Pallavas, Chalukayas and Vardhanas	12	JGW SG
	Evolution of political structures of Rashtakutas, Pala & Pratiharas	10	
	Emergence of Rajput states in Northern India: Polity, Economy & Society	6	AS SM
	Arabs in Sindh: Polity, Religion & Society	2	AS
	Struggle for power in Northern India & establishment of Sultanate	4	KD2

<b>HISTORY GENERAL</b>			
<b>ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-2023</b>			
<b>SEMESTER – IV</b>			
<b>JANUARY'23 – JUNE'23</b>			
<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Lect.</b>	<b>Faculty</b>
<b>CC- 4/GE4 History of India (1707 – 1950)</b>	Interpreting the 18 <sup>th</sup> century	6	AD
	Emergence of Independent states & establishment of colonial power	10	AD KD2
	Expansion & consolidation of colonial power upto 1857	12	AD
	Uprising of 1857: Causes, Nature & Aftermath	8	KD2
	Colonial economy: Agriculture, Trade & Industry	4	SS
	Socio-Religious movements in the 19 <sup>th</sup> century	4	JGW
	Emergence & growth of nationalism with focus on Gandhian nationalism	6	KD
	Communalism: Genesis, Growth and partition of India.	4	SG
	Advent of freedom: Constituent Assembly, establishment of Republic.	6	SM

**Lesson Plan for History Honors (Part System)**

**2018-19**

**2019-20**

**HISTORY HONOURS**  
**ACADEMIC SESSION 2018-2019**  
**SECOND YEAR**  
**SECOND YEAR UNDER PART SYSTEM (1+1+1)**

	<b>Paper</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Name of Faculty</b>	<b>Lectures</b>	
Part II	Paper III	1) Transition debate: from feudalism to capitalism	JGW KD2	20	
		2) Renaissance Humanism, Reformation and movements			
		3) Martin Luther & Lutheranism			
			4) John Calvin & Calvinism		
			5) Radical reformation: Anabapists and Huguenots		
			6) English reformation and the role of the state		
			7) Counter Reformation		
		1) Printing Revolution, Revolution in War Techniques,	SG	10	
		2) Exploration of the new world and Spanish and Portuguese Voyages			
		1) Mercantilism and European Economy	SS	10	
		2) Rise of Absolutism			
		3) Scientific Revolution			
		4) European Politics in the 17th & 18th Century			
		5) Parliamentary monarchy			
		6) patterns of Absolutism in Europe			
	Paper IV	1) Establishment of Mughal Rule, Rural Society and Economy and Political and Religious Ideas	JGW AS	15	
		2) Incorporation of Rajputs and other indigenous groups in Mughal nobility.			
		3) North-West frontier,			
		4) Gujarat and the Deccan			
		5) Conquest of Bengal			
		1) The Mughals: Historiography and Sources.	KD SM	10	
		2) Ideology and State in Mughal India.			
		3) Crafts and technologies; Monetary system			
		4) Markets, transportation, urban centres			
		5) Indian Ocean trade network			

**HISTORY HONOURS  
ACADEMIC SESSION 2018-2019  
THIRD YEAR  
UNDER PART SYSTEM (1+1+1)**

	<b>PAPER</b>	<b>TOPIC</b>	<b>FACULTY</b>	<b>LECTURE</b>
PART-III	Paper V	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) China: Pre-colonial China, Colonial Penetration in China, Popular movements Restoration, Revolution and Reform</li> <li>2) Chinese feudalism : Gentry, Bureaucracy and peasantry; the Confucian value system; Sino centrism; the canton commercial system</li> <li>3) The transformation of China into an informal colony; the Opium Wars; the Unequal Treaties; the scramble for concessions; Finance Imperialism; the Open Door policy.</li> <li>4) Agrarian and Popular Movements : Taiping and Yi Ho Tuan</li> <li>5) Attempts at Self-Strengthening (Tzu-Chiang): Reforms of 1860-95; 1898; and 1901-08.</li> <li>6) The Emergence of Nationalism in China</li> <li>7) The Revolution of 1911: Causes , nature and significance; the social composition of the Revolution; Sun Yat-sen and his contribution; the formation of the Republic; Yuan Shih Kai; War Lordism. b)May Fourth Movement of 1919: Nature and Significance</li> <li>8) Nationalism and Communism in China</li> </ol>	JGW	15
		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Japan: Pre-Restoration Period, Meiji Restoration (1868),</li> <li>2) Crisis of Tokugawa Bakuhan system</li> <li>3) Meiji Restoration : Its nature and Significance</li> </ol>	SG	10

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4) Political Reorganization Military Reforms</li> <li>5) Social, cultural and educational reforms (Bunmeikaika)</li> <li>6) Financial reforms and educational development in the 'Meiji' era</li> <li>7) Meiji Constitution</li> <li>8) Popular and Democratic Movements</li> <li>9) Economic Modernisation</li> <li>10) Emergence of Japan as Imperial Power</li> </ul>		
Paper VI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) History of India from 1818-1885</li> <li>2) The Indian Response: response of civil society</li> <li>3) Rural Economy and Society</li> <li>4) The Non- Agrarian Sector: deindustrialisation</li> <li>5) Early Resistance to colonial Rule : various peasant revolts</li> <li>6) Colonial Intervention and Growth of Modern Education</li> <li>7) Historiography of Indian Nationalism</li> <li>8) Associational politics</li> <li>9) The Gandhian Era: emergence, rise in Indian politics , different mass movements</li> <li>10) New trends in National Movement</li> </ul>	JGW AS	20
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Pre-war Political Developments: nationalist movements, radical politics</li> <li>2) Labour and peasant movements</li> <li>3) Post-War Upsurges</li> <li>4) Communal Politics and Partition</li> <li>5) India from 1947-1964: post independent nation building, Indo- China War, contribution of J L Nehru in Indian Politics</li> </ul>	SM SG	10

Paper VII	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) History of Europe: Understanding the 18<sup>th</sup> Century Europe</li> <li>2) The French Revolution and its European repercussions</li> <li>3) Crisis of ancien regime</li> <li>4) Intellectual currents</li> <li>5) Social classes and emerging gender relations.</li> <li>6) Phases of the French Revolution</li> <li>7) Art and Culture of French Revolution</li> <li>8) Napoleonic consolidation – reform and empire.</li> <li>9) Restoration and Revolution: c.1815 - 1848</li> <li>10) Forces of conservatism and restoration of old hierarchies.</li> <li>11) Social, Political and intellectual currents.</li> <li>12) Revolutionary and Radical movements, 1830 -1848 III. Capitalist Industrialization and Social and Economic Transformation (Late 18th century to AD 1914)</li> <li>13) Process of capitalist development in industry and agriculture: case studies of Britain, France, the German States and Russia.</li> <li>14) Evolution and Differentiation of social classes : Bourgeoisie, proletariat, Land Owning classes and peasantry.</li> <li>15) Changing trends in demography and urban patterns</li> <li>16) Revolution of 1917: Programme of Socialist Construction and the Soviet Union during the inter-war period 1918- 39.</li> <li>17) Imperialism, War and Crisis: c.1880 - 1918</li> <li>18) Theories and mechanisms of imperialism; Growth of Militarism; Power blocks and alliances; Expansion of European empires ,War of 1914 - 1918</li> <li>19) Europe between Two World Wars: Post War Europe: A</li> </ol>	SM KD2	20
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		<p>Diplomatic History ,The Great Depression ,Rise of Fascism in Italy and Nazism in Germany , The Spanish Civil War , Policy of Appeasement and Russo German Non-Aggression Pact , Origins and Course of the Second World War</p> <p>20) The French Revolution; Constituent Assembly, Reign of Terror, Thermidorian Reaction, Interpreting French Revolution, Role of Women</p> <p>21) Napoleon Bonaparte: The Revolution Legacy, Fall of Bonaparte, Napoleon's Character and Achievements.</p> <p>22) Revolution of 1848: The Vienna Congress, Metternich</p>		
	Paper VIII	<p>1) The Cold War: Weakening of European balance of power: Origins of The Cold War: Yalta and Potsdam Conferences; End of wartime alliance.</p> <p>2) The USA in World Politics: Truman Doctrine, Marshall Plan, NATO. III. The USSR in World Politics: Molotov Plan, COMECON and Cominform; Sovietisation of Eastern Europe; Berlin Blockade; Warsaw Pact.</p> <p>3) Manifestation of Cold War: The Korean Crisis- End of French Colonial rule in Indo-China and the Vietnam War – Cuban Crisis. V. De-Stalinisation; Thaw in Cold War; Détente and road to the ending of Cold War.</p> <p>4) Disintegration and Decline of the Soviet Union – Glasnost and Perestroika – Crisis of Socialist regimes in other East European Countries: Poland, Germany, Czechoslovakia, Hungary – Response of the USA; Rise of a Unipolar World system, Globalization.</p> <p>5) Emergence of the People's Republic of China – China and the USA – Sino-Soviet rift. VIII.</p>	SG JGW AS	10 15



		<p>West Asian Crisis – Palestine and Western Powers – Birth of Israel – Arab-Israel Conflict – The Suez Crisis (1956); Origin and Formation of PLO; Yom Kippur War(1973) ; Camp David Accord(1979); Oslo Peace Accord(1993).</p> <p>6) Decolonization: The African Case Study: Ghana, Algeria, Congo, Kenya. X. Protest Politics: Civil Rights Movement, Anti-Apartheid Movement and the end of Apartheid (1994), Second Wave Feminist Movement</p>		
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**HISTORY HONOURS**  
**ACADEMIC SESSION 2019-2020**  
**THIRD YEAR**  
**UNDER PART SYSTEM (1+1+1)**

	<b>PAPER</b>	<b>TOPIC</b>	<b>FACULTY</b>	<b>LECTURE</b>
PART-III	Paper V	1) China: Pre-colonial China, Colonial Penetration in China, Popular movements Restoration, Revolution and Reform 2) Chinese feudalism : Gentry, Bureaucracy and peasantry; the Confucian value system; Sino centrism; the canton commercial system 3) The transformation of China into an informal colony; the Opium Wars; the Unequal Treaties; the scramble for concessions; Finance Imperialism; the Open Door policy. 4) Agrarian and Popular Movements : Taiping and Yi Ho Tuan 5) Attempts at Self-Strengthening (Tzu-Chiang): Reforms of 1860-95; 1898; and 1901-08. 6) The Emergence of Nationalism in China 7) The Revolution of 1911: Causes , nature and significance; the social composition of the Revolution; Sun Yat-sen and his contribution; the formation of the Republic; Yuan Shih Kai; War Lordism. b)May Fourth Movement of 1919: Nature and Significance 8) Nationalism and Communism in China	JGW AD	15
		1) Japan: Pre-Restoration Period, Meiji Restoration (1868), 2) Crisis of Tokugawa	SG AD	10

		<p>Bakuhan system</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3) Meiji Restoration : Its nature and Significance</li> <li>4) Political Reorganization Military Reforms</li> <li>5) Social, cultural and educational reforms (Bunmeikaika)</li> <li>6) Financial reforms and educational development in the 'Meiji' era</li> <li>7) Meiji Constitution</li> <li>8) Popular and Democratic Movements</li> <li>9) Economic Modernisation</li> <li>10) Emergence of Japan as Imperial Power</li> </ol>		
	Paper VI	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) History of India from 1818-1885</li> <li>2) The Indian Response: response of civil society</li> <li>3) Rural Economy and Society</li> <li>4) The Non- Agrarian Sector: deindustrialisation</li> <li>5) Early Resistance to colonial Rule : various peasant revolts</li> <li>6) Colonial Intervention and Growth of Modern Education</li> <li>7) Historiography of Indian Nationalism</li> <li>8) Associational politics</li> <li>9) The Gandhian Era: emergence, rise in Indian politics , different mass movements</li> <li>10) New trends in National Movement</li> </ol>	JGW AS	20
		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Pre-war Political Developments: nationalist movements, radical politics</li> <li>2) Labour and peasant movements</li> <li>3) Post-War Upsurges</li> <li>4) Communal Politics and Partition</li> <li>5) India from 1947-1964: post independent nation building, Indo- China War, contribution of J L Nehru in Indian</li> </ol>	SM SG	10

		Politics		
	Paper VII	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) History of Europe: Understanding the 18<sup>th</sup> Century Europe</li> <li>2) The French Revolution and its European repercussions</li> <li>3) Crisis of ancien regime</li> <li>4) Intellectual currents</li> <li>5) Social classes and emerging gender relations.</li> <li>6) Phases of the French Revolution</li> <li>7) Art and Culture of French Revolution</li> <li>8) Napoleonic consolidation – reform and empire.</li> <li>9) Restoration and Revolution: c.1815 - 1848</li> <li>10) Forces of conservatism and restoration of old hierarchies.</li> <li>11) Social, Political and intellectual currents.</li> <li>12) Revolutionary and Radical movements, 1830 -1848 III. Capitalist Industrialization and Social and Economic Transformation (Late 18th century to AD 1914)</li> <li>13) Process of capitalist development in industry and agriculture: case studies of Britain, France, the German States and Russia.</li> <li>14) Evolution and Differentiation of social classes: Bourgeoisie, proletariat, Land Owning classes and peasantry.</li> <li>15) Changing trends in demography and urban patterns</li> <li>16) Revolution of 1917: Programme of Socialist Construction and the Soviet Union during the inter-war period 1918- 39.</li> <li>17) Imperialism, War and Crisis: c.1880 - 1918</li> <li>18) Theories and mechanisms of imperialism; Growth of</li> </ol>	SM KD2 AD	20

		<p>Militarism; Power blocks and alliances; Expansion of European empires ,War of 1914 - 1918</p> <p>19) Europe between Two World Wars: Post War Europe: A Diplomatic History ,The Great Depression ,Rise of Fascism in Italy and Nazism in Germany , The Spanish Civil War , Policy of Appeasement and Russo German Non-Aggression Pact , Origins and Course of the Second World War</p> <p>20) The French Revolution; Constituent Assembly, Reign of Terror, Thermidorian Reaction, Interpreting French Revolution, Role of Women</p> <p>21) Napoleon Bonaparte: The Revolution Legacy, Fall of Bonaparte, Napoleon's Character and Achievements.</p> <p>22) Revolution of 1848: The Vienna Congress, Metternich</p>		
	Paper VIII	<p>1) The Cold War: Weakening of European balance of power: Origins of The Cold War: Yalta and Potsdam Conferences; End of wartime alliance.</p> <p>2) The USA in World Politics: Truman Doctrine, Marshall Plan, NATO. III. The USSR in World Politics: Molotov Plan, COMECON and Cominform; Sovietisation of Eastern Europe; Berlin Blockade; Warsaw Pact.</p> <p>3) Manifestation of Cold War: The Korean Crisis- End of French Colonial rule in Indo-China and the Vietnam War – Cuban Crisis. V. De-Stalinisation; Thaw in Cold War; Détente and road to the ending of Cold War.</p> <p>4) Disintegration and Decline of the Soviet Union – Glasnost and Perestroika – Crisis of Socialist regimes in other East</p>	SG JGW AS	10 15

		<p>European Countries: Poland, Germany, Czechoslovakia, Hungary – Response of the USA; Rise of a Unipolar World system, Globalization.</p> <p>5) Emergence of the People’s Republic of China – China and the USA – Sino-Soviet rift. VIII. West Asian Crisis – Palestine and Western Powers – Birth of Israel – Arab-Israel Conflict –The Suez Crisis (1956); Origin and Formation of PLO; Yom Kippur War(1973) ; Camp David Accord(1979); Oslo Peace Accord(1993).</p> <p>6) Decolonization: The African Case Study: Ghana, Algeria, Congo, Kenya. X. Protest Politics: Civil Rights Movement, Anti-Apartheid Movement and the end of Apartheid (1994), Second Wave Feminist Movement</p>		
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